SCRATCHING MAKES IT WORSE!
END RINGWORM THIS EASY WAY
KURAIN IS A SPECIFIC FOR RINGWORM, ECZEMA, PRURITIS ITCH, BOILS AND OTHER STUBBORN SKIN DISEASES.
TRY A BOTTLE TODAY.
POWELLS, LIMITED, Bombay 4.
KURAIN
THE SPECIFIC FOR RINGWORM
A POWELLS' PRODUCT

Regd. No. B 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

Regd. No. B 1065

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta

Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

VOL. XXX NO. 171 BOMBAY: MONDAY, JULY 20, 1942 PRICE: 1½ ANNAS

INSURE WITH or REPRESENT
INDIAN MERCANTILE
INSC. CO., LTD.
(Estd. 1907)
For Life, Fire & Accident.
INDIAN MERCANTILE CHAMBERS.
Ballard Estate. BOMBAY. 1.

LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY

RETAIL DEALERS WAGE WAR ON BLACK MARKET

Decide To Picket Market From To-day

MOVE TO CHECK RACKET AT ITS SOURCE

Two-Day Hartal As Protest

PRICE Rackets and Black Markets in the city have precipitated a first-class crisis.

DECISION TO PICKET

At a meeting attended by 3,000 retail grain dealers the decision was taken on Sunday to picket depots, shops or bazars where wholesale rice business is transacted "as a step towards finding out a way to ensure supplies in required quantities of all controlled food stuffs to retail grain dealers at controlled rates" and as a method of peaceful persuasion of "the retail purchaser to desist from having any connection with the wholesale rice bazar."

TWO-DAYS' HARTAL

The picketing will commence to-day (Monday) at 8 a.m. and will continue till speedy and continuous supplies are assured of rice and other controlled commodities at controlled rates and in required quantities. It was also resolved to observe two days' hartal on Tuesday and Wednesday.

APPEAL TO GOVT.

The dealers appeal to the Police Commissioner of Bombay and the Collector of the Suburban District not to victimise retail dealers with "unnecessarily hard punishments" without ensuring to them adequate supplies of controlled commodities at controlled prices.

DEALERS INDIGNANT

An extra-ordinary general meeting of the members of the Bombay Grain Dealers' Association was held on Sunday afternoon at Kanbai's Wadi (Kandawadi). About 3,000 members were present and Mr. Khimji Madan Bhujpuria presided. The present situation arising out of shortage of food-stuffs in the retail market and the prosecution of retail dealers on charges of profiteering was considered and strong speeches giving vent to their feelings of indignation and desperation were made. The following statement was unanimously adopted as the decision of the Association:—

"This extra-ordinary general meeting of the Bombay Grain Dealers' Association place on record, that since the inception of Control on rates and stock of rice on 26th June, 1942, retail grain dealers of Bombay and suburbs could not obtain their required supplies of rice except country, Delhi and kamod rice, normally and without great hardships, at control rates. Normal consumption of rice in Bombay and Suburbs is more than 1,25,000 bags per month. But during the interval of more than 3 weeks the retail trade has not been supplied more than 25,000 bags of rice and that too, most part of which at a rate substantially more than controlled one.

During last three weeks, the retail grain dealers should have normally obtained 1,00,000 bags of rice at controlled rates; but when enormous hardships confronted them in obtaining any supply at controlled rates, they repeatedly drew the attention of the Government and also brought this matter to the notice of the Rice Merchants' Association, but we are pained to declare that every effort has gone in vain. The inevitable result is that today the saleable stock of rice with the retail dealers has been nearly exhausted and many a dealer has no grain of rice to sell

SUGAR POSITION

The position with regard to sugar is that our members are given supplies in a very restricted quantity and the merchants on whom our members are ordered to draw, very reluctantly release sugar and that too of third class quality wholly wet—dripping with water—and less in standard weight—at maximum controlled rates, and, therefore, to express feelings of disappointment and resentment at Government of Bombay for their complacent attitude towards the situation.

This meeting requests the retail grain dealers of Bombay and Suburbs to entirely stop their normal trading activities and observe complete "Hartal" by closing their shops on 22nd and 23rd July 1942 for two days.

This meeting, while expressing its profound feelings of gratitude for the unstinted and valuable co-operation extended by the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee, the Indian Merchants' Chamber and the Bombay Municipal Corporation, in understanding our difficulties, request these institutions, leaders and people of Bombay to continue their co-operation and help in getting for the retailers, controlled commodities at control rates

RESOLVE TO PICKET

As a step towards finding out a way to ensure supplies in required quantities of all controlled foodstuffs to the retail grain dealers at controlled rates, it is imperative to effectively put a stop to the black-markets of wholesale rice,

and with this end in view this meeting resolves to start picketing at depots, shops or Bazaars where wholesale rice business is transacted to persuade the retail purchaser to desist from having any connection with the wholesale rice bazaar, in a most peaceful and dignified manner, from to-morrow—20th July and so long as the retail trade of Bombay is not assured of the continuous speedy supply of rice and other controlled commodities at controlled rates in required quantities easily.

Retail grain dealers who have been serving the people of Bombay and suburbs continuously for the past hundred years, and have not shrunk from their duties even during epidemics, communal riots and industrial lock-outs, are entitled to the unstinted co-operation and sympathy of the people in the very grave and critical situation and to treat temporary inconvenience consequent to the cessation of our business for two days as a mark of their sympathy towards the retail traders.

This meeting strongly protests against the mass arrests of the retail grain dealers for the offence of so-called profiteering, while those wholesalers who actually commit crimes escape.

APPEAL TO GOVT.

This meeting also requests the Police Commissioner of Bombay and the Collector of Bombay Suburban District that before inflicting unnecessarily hard punishments on the retail dealers, they should see that retailers are supplied controlled foodstuffs at controlled rates in required quantities so that the public may get those articles at the retail fixed prices for which we have given assurance to the Government of Bombay time and again and to-day publicly we convey the same assurances to the Government.

In view of the untold hardships, the people of Bombay have been unnecessarily required to undergo with regard to rice, wheat, sugar, kerosene and other essential commodities, this meeting requests the local press to extend its co-operation in the efforts of the Bombay Grain Dealers' Association, to stamp out profiteering at the source of wholesale supply so as to enable the retailers to cater to the needs of the public at control rates".

Mass Action Cannot Nail Nippon

U. S. Press Comments On Wardha Resolution

NEW YORK, July 18.

American editorials as a whole, while sympathetic toward India's aspirations to complete self-government, lament what is widely called an "Unrealistic outlook" on the part of the Congress leaders. The suggestion of an "inter-regnum" at precisely the time that India faces the imminent threat of Japanese invasion is regarded as unrealistic by American editors. A second theme in many of the editorials is grave concern for the fate of China if any mass movement is initiated in India.

FASCISM ENCOURAGED.

"The Baltimore Sun", states:—"Nothing better illustrates the schism in spirit that at present divides Asia's two greatest countries than the news from India and China. With the Japanese armies already in Burma and the Germans moving toward India's middle eastern flanks, it is hard to see how a policy of non-co-operation of the threatened mass movement against Britain could fail to encourage the Nazi and Japanese enemies of independence.

FORGET THE FEUD.

"The Philadelphia Inquirer" is puzzled that there should be protracted political discussion when the danger to India is so immediate. It says: "This is no time for debate", "it is no time for passive resistance. It is the time for Mr. Gandhi to forget his feud with Great Britain and pass the word along for whole-hearted co-operation with the United Nations for the Defence of India."

The "Washington Star" had previously spoken of the inability of the Americans to understand the methods of the Congress Party, on July 15 it said:

"To the Western mind the utterances and tactics of the Congress party and its mentor, Mr. Gandhi, simply do not make sense.

FOLLOW CHINA'S EXAMPLE.

The "New York Times" also expressed concern over the position of Mr. Gandhi on July 16. It said:—"Mahatma Gandhi is one of the great souls of his generation. If mankind adopted the spiritual essence of his teachings there would be no more wars. Yet the effect of Mr. Gandhi's saying and doing what he is now saying and doing may mean the defeat of everything for which he stands..... The greatest and potentially the most democratic nation in Asia, China, stand with us in this battle. Gandhi chooses this moment, when the beast is at our throats, to threaten Britain..... Thus the ascetic Gandhi, Unless he turns back in time, may do more dreadful harm to this people than Chenghiz Khan or any other of a long array of conquerors."—Reuter.

IF JAPS OVERRAN INDIA...

NEW YORK, July 19.

A feeling of concern for China was voiced last night by Mr. William Hillman, national broadcasting commentator, when he declared:—"Mohandas K. Gandhi is one of the world's true spiritual leaders whose life is a monument to selflessness. The Japanese cobra has now coiled itself on India's doorstep, ready to strike at the country's peace-loving people. With new evils threatening, this is no time to discuss old wrongs. Should the Japanese overrun India it would spell the certain doom of the country's aspirations to independence.

"If some people think that the United States neither understands India's problems, nor has the right to express her disappointment, then surely no one will deny that brave and gallant China at least has the right to voice her concern. An independent India would cripple the chances of Chiang Kai-Shek's armies to survive the attack of the Japanese cobra."—Reuter.

STAB HITLER IN BACK

Time For Second Front Is Now, Cry Out Millions Of Americans

NEW YORK, July 19.

The attitude of millions of Americans to-day towards a second front can be summed up in four words—"The Time is Now".

The gigantic struggle for the valley of the Don is being watched with almost breathless interest. As Americans see it the battle, which may decide the fate of the whole world, has only just broken on the plains flanking the great river, but already the cauldron is spilling over with increased fury. Now they think should be the time to stab Hitler in the back.—Reuter.

Asiatic Regeneration Envisaged

SYDNEY, July 19.

Sir Bertram Stevens, a former Australian representative on the Eastern Group Supply Council at New Delhi, who recently returned from India said in a speech here today: "If Japan is defeated a new Order in Asia is inevitable. The East will never return to its old quiescent subservient state.

We must think of the Chinese, Indians, Malayans and Javanese as friends of equal status. European prestige in the form in which it used to exist has been shattered. While the breach between many Indian political leaders and Britain appears to be widening it is well to remember that India is definitely anti-Japanese and a close friend of China. India well knows that a Japanese victory would mean an end to the plans for Indian freedom."—Reuter.

BATTLE OF THE RIDGES

British Advance In Central Sector

CAIRO, July 19.

SUNDAY'S COMMUNIQUE ANNOUNCES: "IN THE NORTHERN SECTOR OUR TROOPS MAINTAINED THEIR POSITIONS YESTERDAY. IN THE CENTRAL SECTOR OUR TROOPS ADVANCED SLIGHTLY ALONG THE RUWEISAT RIDGE IN THE EVENING AND A COUNTER-ATTACK BY ENEMY TANKS AND INFANTRY WAS REPULSED. OUR TROOPS IN THE SOUTHERN SECTOR WERE ACTIVE AND HAVE MADE PROGRESS.

Dust restricted air operations, but on two occasions fighter bombers attacked widely dispersed vehicles. During the night our heavy bombers attacked Tobruk.

Air activity over Malta was on a reduced scale. From these operations three of our aircraft are missing and one pilot is safe.

EYE-WITNESS' ACCOUNT

LONDON, July 19.

Reuter's Special Correspondent west of El Alamein Station cables:

Fighting in this northern coast sector has developed into "a battle of the ridges with Australian and Axis troops punching away hard in move and counter-move. The Germans with the usual hordes of Italians on Friday launched two counter-attacks after the Australians had pushed them off the high ground south of Tel-El-Eisa.

At the first light yesterday the Australians drove south against their first objective—a ridge about four miles south of the coast called El Makhrahad. It was soon captured. Then they pushed on further against a parallel rising about a mile to the south—called Ruin Ridge because of the presence of a few crumbled houses on its slopes.

Before midday the Germans hit back heavily with tanks and lorried infantry. The Australians decided to fall back to the El Makhrahad ridge. There they fought off an enemy counter-blow throughout the heat of high noon. The Germans hustled up artillery and more infantry. In the late afternoon they made a desperate effort aimed at preventing the Australians advancing again to threaten the main gun defences. At 5/00 p.m. I visited a British artillery observation post out on a hill overlooking the battle.

There I saw Rommel's final 'fling' of the day. Swirling clouds of dust in a shallow depression away to the south moved slowly forward. Our guns firing over my head from behind the ridge sent a furious cannonade into the advancing menace. From a hump of high ground enemy artillery including some heavy guns was pounding away at Australian transport down in the hot gasping plain below.

Suddenly down the El Alamein valley, to the left, South African guns opened up against the German attack, joining in with the British and Australian field batteries. For more than an hour not a single second passed without the sound of some gun firing somewhere.

ITALIAN INFANTRY CHASED

(From Reuter's Special Correspondent near El Alamein).

Another German counter-attack against Australian positions in the northern sector on Saturday has been broken up by British, South African and Australian artillery fire. After Friday's counter-drive the Axis forces compelled the Australians to fall back a few hundred yards and abandon the hill they had taken early Thursday morning. The Axis attempt to push their attacks further was completely halted on Friday evening

Late on Friday night the Australians again drove into the Germans in a surprise attack, and recaptured the ground they had lost earlier, including the hill. About midnight Australian raiding columns severely beat up some Italian infantry inflicting considerable casualties on them.

ANZAC HOLD CEMENTED

This Saturday morning the enemy hurried up German lorried infantry and a further counter-attack developed. Our guns opened up immediately, however, and South African artillery found range on Germans who were "Debussing" behind a slight rise to the south-west. A small group of tanks nosed northwards, but these were engaged and driven back by gunfire. The position now is as it was yesterday, namely, that the Australians are holding the ground they have captured.

Indian troops are at present busy straightening out the wedge which they earlier had driven into German positions in the central sector. There are indications that German machine-gunners are being used to stiffen up Italian infantry in the northern sector as South African columns which pushed out yesterday, reported heavy machine-gun fire from the positions where none had been noted previously.—Reuter.

Indians Figure Prominently

CAIRO.—The Indian Division made a small move forward in the Central sector yesterday, and were counter-attacked by the enemy using tanks. The counter-attack was beaten off with artillery without great difficulty. In the northern sector Australians have regained full possession of the Tel El Makhkhad Ridge, the first of the two Ridges which they reached during their southern movement on Friday.

NAZI ADVANCE ARRESTED

Enemy Being Pressed To West

(From Reuter's Special Correspondent).

MOSCOW, July 19.

Near Voronezh and to the south of the town German advance has been arrested and forced on to the defensive, according to latest reports from the front. Though the German forces on the east bank of the Don River are still very strong Germans are hastily repairing pontoon bridges over the river in Voronezh sector with the object of trying to safeguard their hard-pressed tanks and troops on the east bank.

According to "Pravda's" war correspondent, Germans are now trying to transfer their action beyond Voronezh, but their attempt to create a diversion northwards on Friday failed.

To the south of Voronezh, the big battles started a few days ago, continue. Germans have abandoned two villages to the south of Voronezh. They are being ejected from a third village and forced to retreat to the west bank, adds the correspondent.

Nazis Held For Fifth Day

For the fifth day our troops have held the Germans in the area of Voronezh and south of Voronezh, the newspaper "Pravda" reports to-day. The German advance has been brought to a standstill. They have been forced on to the defensive. "Our troops now press the enemy slowly but determinedly back to the west. The Germans are laying minefields, throwing up barbed wire entanglements and cutting roads. They turn every stone house into a strong point and bury their tanks in the ground. Flung out of two inhabited localities, the Germans fortified themselves in a third locality on the eastern bank of the Don River. But here too they were compelled to withdraw. Then they hastily repaired bridges in order to send tanks across from the western bank, but Soviet airmen are frustrating German attempts to establish bridgeheads."

Fighting In N. Caucasian Region

The centre of gravity of the German offensive is now in the north Caucasian region, where fighting is going on over a very large region. A dispatch from the front to "Red Star" says: "The Germans are still piling in reinforcements, looking for weak spots in our defences, and trying to break through and attack us from the rear. The latter attempts are being defeated by our obdurate resistance in the face of great numerical superiority. Germans here possess such a large force that only the strongest defence, combined with powerful counterblows from our troops, can hope to arrest the enemy's advance."

MOSCOW.— Sunday's midday 'communique' announces: "During the night our troops fought the enemy in the area of Voronezh and south of Millerovo. No material changes took place on other sectors of the front."

Nazi Defences In Voronezh Area Pierced

A group of Soviet tanks broke through the first line of German defences in the Voronezh area after dislodging the enemy from their positions, says a supplement to Sunday's midday 'communique.' Tanks destroyed a number of anti-tank guns and killed 20 Germans.

Street fighting in an unnamed inhabited locality on another sector, where the Germans launched a series of counter-attacks, but withdrew to initial positions, after losing 20 tanks and 450 men, is also reported.

"Stubborn battles against attacking enemy units," south of Millerovo, are also recorded in the supplement. It is from Millerovo that the Germans are attempting a southward outflanking drive towards Rostov. Many examples of heavy losses inflicted on the Germans are described in the supplement. On one southern front sector, 19 tanks and 70 lorries were destroyed when repeated enemy attacks were repelled, while on another sector 23 tanks, 35 guns and two infantry regiments were wiped out.

Fighting of a local importance continues on the Kalinin front, where the Germans lost 12 out of 27 tanks in an unsuccessful attack.

Further north on the Leningrad front Soviet artillery trench mortars continue to bombard enemy strong points. Three hundred prisoners were also taken.—Reuter.

BIG NAZI-SOVIET AIR BATTLE

MOSCOW, July 19.

A big air battle, in which 400 German and Soviet planes fought throughout the day following a German air attack on a convoy in the Barentz sea, is described by a "Pravda" correspondent.

The Germans launched a joint attack on the convoy by bombers, torpedo-carrying planes and a formation of submarines. Soviet surface and submarine craft went to the rescue and Soviet fighter planes engaged the enemy. A day-long air fight ensued but the Germans failed to score any success, losing over 30 planes, half of which were destroyed by a Soviet fleet airman.

The date of the encounter is not specified.—Reuter.

JAPS TO LAUNCH ATTACK ON RUSSIA?

NEW YORK, July 19.

Japan is moving more seasoned troops northwards to the Manchukuo-Siberian Frontier, says the 'New York Times' quoting 'reports reaching Washington' from usually reliable private sources in the Far East.

BERLIN-TOKIO SECRET PACT

These reports, the paper says, coincide with the belief held in Washington that there exists an understanding between Japan and Germany that Japan will attack Russia, if Germany captures some specific Russian objectives, possibly Rostov and Stalingrad.

Few in Washington would be surprised if Japan made an immediate attack on Vladivostok, the paper adds. The fact that the Japanese still hold Kiska, Acam and Attu in the Aleutian Islands is interpreted as more likely to be a prelude to an attack on Siberia or perhaps Kamchatka than anything else.—Reuter.

ANKARA, July 19.

Well-informed Turkish circles declare that the Russians have a vast mass of reserves numbering several millions held in the triangle of Voronezh-Astrakhan-Kuibyshev. The Germans are only approaching these well-equipped troops according to these reports.

Just as they remained calm during the black June days when the situation in Egypt seemed desperate so to-day the Turks refuse to be panic-stricken by the German advance in Russia. This calm amongst all classes of the Turkish population is due to the general belief that the rapidity of the German advance exposes the flanks of Von Bocks army, especially from the north. There is no relaxation in the preparations in Turkey against a possible attack. The defences at key-points are continually being strengthened.—Reuter.

STOP PRESS

LONDON, July 20.

MOSCOW:—In Stalingrad province mass harvesting of winter grains has also commenced. In Kiban preparations for harvesting are proceeding with the utmost speed.

At Voronezh the Germans have had a distinct setback, although it is too early to cry "victory." The German forces on the east bank of the Don are still strong, but for the last five days Soviet troops have been holding down the enemy in the region of the town and further south. In the last 24 hours efforts to clear out the Germans east of the Don have made further progress in the face of the most obstinate resistance. The character of the fighting at Voronezh has changed considerably. On the upper Don Germans have pulled up sharply and gradually the initiative is passing into Soviet hands. With the possibility of a Soviet come-back and the threat of a second front in the West the Germans are now feverishly building field fortifications along the western bank of the Don.—Reuter.

OUR TABULATED ADLETS

1 Anna Per Word

Minimum Re. 1

CHHOTA CHHOTA ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in these Columns on cash payment only and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word. Minimum charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 16 words. Numericals (up to 10 figures) and Abbreviations are to be counted as complete words.

SPECIAL REDUCTION in our scheduled rate of one anna per word will be allowed until further notice at the rate of 25 p.c. on all CASH PAYMENTS provided the same Adlet is to appear for three times or more in a week. The complete week to be calculated from Monday to Sunday.

STILL ONE MORE FACILITY is offered to our Adletisers. Tabulated Adlets that appear in the "BOMBAY CHRONICLE" if repeated the same evening in the "BOMBAY SENTINEL" will be charged for the "SENTINEL" at half-anna per word per insertion without any further reduction whatsoever.

ADLETS OF PRIVATE NATURE are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words—Box No. (——) "The Bombay Chronicle"—must be paid for. The Management reserves the right to revise any Adlet or refuse publication without assigning any reason for doing so.

BLOCK LETTERED OR TYPEWRITTEN Adlets will ensure correct insertion. No responsibility for any mistake, oversight, misprint, etc., will be accepted by the Management. Replies to the Adlets should be sent for often to avoid heavy congestion at our office.

20. MATRIMONIAL

Suitable Match for England-returned Gujarati Vaish, (28), tall and handsome, Gazetted Officer, from educated and cultured Hindu families of Nationalist views and high social standing. No caste restrictions. Please apply Box No. 16562, "Bombay Chronicle."

42. SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted a Lady Swimming Instructor of any nationality or community with good physique knowledge of first-aid preferred. Apply Box No. 16560, "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted a qualified teacher to coach up a Muslim boy and girl at Bhopal. Terms according to qualifications. Apply to Commissioner, Customs—Bhopal. 16551

Wanted: 250 Candidates for Railway Services as Guards: Station Masters, Signallers, Ticket-Collectors, etc. Period of training 4-5 months. Free quarter. Railway fare paid. Scholarship Rs. 80/-. Apply with -/1/6 to Director, All-India Railway Commercial and Telegraph School, Daryaganj, Delhi. (16513)

43. SITUATIONS WANTED

Responsible post. Also offers assistance at client's residence in complicated Income-tax, Commercial, Municipal, High Court, matters. Box 16569, "Bombay Chronicle."

141. EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

Hewett Engineering School, Jagat Narain Road, Lucknow. Recognised by U.P., C.P., Assam, N.-W.F. Prov. & Baluchistan Govts., M.E.S. Railways and 67 States. Applications from Inter & Matric candidates invited for Overseer July, 1942 Class. U. P. Govt. award Certificates. Record Results 80%. Highly qualified Staff. Hostel arrangements. Employment facilities. Nine merit scholarships. Free Prospectus from Principal. (8876)

191. MEDICAL ADLETS

We stock 15 years tried and world renowned specific for Tuberculosis. Cure guaranteed. Thousands unsolicited testimonials. Write Navjivan, Kapurthala (Pb.) (16564)

327. AGENTS WANTED

Wanted Sole Agents, Agents, Stockists and Canvassers for the distribution of Gin, Orange Gin, Brandy, Whisky and Rum throughout India. Apply immediately giving full particulars of territory required with Bank reference to The Karnal Distillery Co., Ltd., Karnal, Punjab. 16555

341. PARTNERSHIPS WANTED.

Advertiser wishes to invest couple of thousands in any good business as partner. Apply Box No. 16537, "Bombay Chronicle".

347. LOANS & MORTGAGES

Rupees hundred advanced immediately to all employees and businessmen on Personal Bond only. Capital Investment Company, Room 56, Bombay Mutual Building, Hornby Road, also at Kalbadevi, above Bank of India, Third Floor. (16571)

651 MISCELLANEOUS ADLETS

Reward Rs. 101, Profit Rs. 20 Daily on investment of Rs. 25. If there is no profit the reward of Rs. 101 will be given. See personally New Commercial, Bori Bunder near Purohit's Hotel, House No. 167, 1st floor, Telephone No. 27106. (16577)

Public Notices

GOVERNMENT Announcements Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates

	Per Column inch per insertion
1st Insertion	Rs 7-8-0
2nd Insertion	Rs 6-8-0
3rd and Subsequent Insertions	Rs 4-8-0

Mofussil advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the Classified

THE BOMBAY PROVINCIAL CO-OPERATIVE BANK, LTD.

CHANGE IN BANKING HOURS

IT IS HEREBY NOTIFIED that the banking hours in Bombay will be as under from 3-8-42:—

	From	To
Week days	10-15 A.M.	3 P.M.
Saturdays	10 A.M.	12-30 P.M.

V. L. MEHTA,
Managing Director.
(9111)

NOTICE

1600 SHARES Nos. 397436/535, 3254390/489, 5288601/700, 8103301/460, 7425301/600, 6832401/700, 6282701/800, 3541390/789 and 7186954/7053 of the Indian Copper Corporation Ltd., are registered in the name of Baijnath Sureka in the books of said Company and the certificates of title thereto Nos. 65198, 65210, 80287, 80288, 80289/91, L80292/4, 80295, 80296/99 and 80300 respectively have been lost.

The public are hereby cautioned against accepting or dealing with the said certificate.

Application has been made to the Company for the issue of a fresh certificate and meanwhile the holder or finder of the lost certificates is requested to communicate with the undersigned.

Name of Registered holder
BAIJNATH SUREKA,
Address:
Ratangarh Dist. Bikaner.
9106

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY

RECRUITMENT TO CLERICAL AND OTHER SUBORDINATE SERVICES

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED from persons, who desire to have their names included in the list of candidates selected for recruitment to Clerical and other Subordinate Services in the Bombay Municipality.

Applications should be made on prescribed forms which may be obtained from the Municipal Commissioner's Office on payment of eight annas between 11 a.m. and 3 p.m. (B.T.) on week days and 10 a.m. and 12 noon (B.T.) on Saturdays.

Postage stamps other than one anna stamps will not be accepted.

The last date for receiving applications is Saturday the 15th August, 1942.

M. D. BHAT,
Municipal Commissioner.
Municipal Offices,
Fort, Bombay.
9044.

NOTICE

BOMBAY BANKERS' CLEARING HOUSE

MEMBERS of the Bombay Bankers' Clearing House draw the attention of their constituents to the new "Clearing" hours.

The new rules become effective from the 3rd August, 1942 and provide that the Clearings at the Reserve Bank of India shall be held at 11-45 a. m. and 2 p. m. on week-days and 11-30 a. m. on Saturdays.

In order that cheques be in time for these clearings, constituents are requested to ascertain from their Bankers the latest hours of acceptance.

W. T. McCALLUM,
President.
C/o. Reserve Bank of India.
Bombay, 17th July, 1942.
9090

WANTED MOTOR DRIVERS

MOTOR DRIVERS for employment as Assistant Driving Instructors.

Candidates must be able to instruct recruits in Driving and Maintenance of Mechanical transport vehicles.

They will be engaged as Civilians and should be in possession of a current driving licence free from serious endorsements. Minimum height 5 feet 3 inches.

Pay Rs. 50/- per mensem. Free Accommodation.

Selected candidates may be promoted to Driving Instructors on pay of Rs. 65/- per mensem.

Apply to nearest TECHNICAL RECRUITING OFFICE:—

(1) Lal Darwaja, AHMEDABAD.
(2) Bungalow No. 39, Camp BELGAUM.
(3) Esplanade Maidan, Dhobi Talao, BOMBAY.
(4) Assembly Rest House, NAGPUR.
(5) Staunton Road, POONA.

POSTAGE FREE. No postage stamps need be affixed to envelopes enclosing applications if the envelopes are superscribed "Service Unpaid."
(8934)

Public Notices

THE CEMENT MARKETING CO., OF INDIA, LTD.

NOTICE

The current price for all brands of Ordinary Portland Cement marketed by us and our Selling Agents in Bombay is:—

Rs. 47/8/- per ton or **Rs. 2/6/-** per bag ex-Wharf or ex-Waggon and

Rs. 50/15/- per ton or **Rs. 2/8/9** per bag ex-godown.

(It has been necessary to make the above increase on the rates on account of an increase in freights to Bombay which is considerably more than the increase we have made in our price.)

If you are asked to pay more than the above rates, please communicate immediately with the following Selling Agents:—

(1) **Messrs. Shapurji Pallonji and Co.**
70, Medows Street Bombay.

(2) **Messrs. Harjivandas Mohandas and Co.**
20-22, C. P. Tank Road, Bombay.

(3) **Messrs. Tandur and Shahabad Stone Co.**
Sandhurst Road, Bombay.

or with the Head Office of the Company at the following address:—

THE CEMENT MARKETING CO., OF INDIA, LTD.
ESPLANADE HOUSE, WAUDBY ROAD, -- BOMBAY.
(8250)

THE PHALTAN SUGAR WORKS, LTD. SAKHARWADI, PHALTAN STATE.

OFFERS ARE INVITED for a sugar plant of 600/1000 tons capacity per day. The plant should not have worked for more than 5 to 7 years. Please send firm offer stating, Make, Year of make and other particulars with lowest price.
(9110)

Legal Notices

SUMMONS FOR DISPOSAL OF SUIT

IN THE ADDL. DISTRICT MUNSIFF'S COURT OF ALLEPPEY

O. S. No. 926 of 1116

Plaintiff:—M. DHARAMSEY WAGJEE, firm, carrying on Hill produce business at the Scindia Steam Navigation premises, near the Triple Bridge, Beach, Alleppey.

Defendant:—ESWARDASS LAKSHMANDASS, General Merchant and Commission Agent, Importer and Exporter of Black Pepper, Dry Ginger, Copra, Dried Fruits, Grocery etc., and carrying on business at Lalen Market, Bombay Bazaar, Karachi.

To

The Defendant aforesaid,

WHEREAS the abovenamed Plaintiff has instituted a suit against you for money due under an agreement you are hereby required to appear before this Court on Tuesday the 28th July, 1942 12-12-117 at 11 A. M. either in person or by an Advocate of this Court duly instructed and able to answer all material questions relating to the suit. As the day fixed for your appearance is for the final disposal of the suit; you are also hereby required to take notice that, in default of your appearance on the day before mentioned, the suit will be heard and determined in your absence.

By Order,
Head Clerk.

15-11-117.
29th June, 1942.
(9112)

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that THE INDIAN COASTAL NAVIGATION COMPANY, LTD., a Company registered under the Indian Companies Act VII of 1913 having their Registered Office in Calcutta have contracted to sell to our client S.S. "Cossipor" a Sea faring Vessel belonging to them, and all her machinery and Plant attached thereto, together with her Tackle, Apparatus, Utensils, Stores and Equipments, registered in the Port of Calcutta bearing Official No. 172589 (hereinafter collectively called "the said Vessel") free from all encumbrances.

ALL persons having any claim against or to the said Vessel by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, charter, exchange, gift, lease, lien, charge, trust, maintenance, possession, easement lis pendens attachments or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at Lentin Chambers, Dalal Street, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

Dated this 18th day of July, 1942.

AMARCHAND & MANGALDAS,
Purchasers Attorneys.
9109

Auction Sales

BENNETT & CO.

Under instructions from the Custodian of Enemy Property Messrs. BENNETT & CO. will sell by public auction on THURSDAY, the 23rd July, 1942, at 11 A.M. (S.T.) at their Rooms at 120, Apollo St., Fort, the undermentioned properties of Messrs. E. Kunish, O. Urchs, H. Tomizawa and others all invested in the Custodian of Enemy Property:—

Latest model Radios (A.C. 5 to 9 Val) by H.M.V. and Patterson a big lot of Chinese folding furniture such as cupboards, beds, dressing tables, wardrobes, hook cases, deck chairs, photo frame chiks etc., also Dentist chair complete dental equipment, cable engines, lot surgical instruments, dental accessories, and cloth parcels, bulbs and other sundry goods.

On view from the 21st between 11 and 4-30.

BENNETT & CO.

MOTHER'S LOVE
AS PURE AS THE HOLY WATER OF THE GANGES
KIRTI'S GREAT PICTURE
MATA
—MOTHER—
Direction: GUNJAL
Story: DAVE
Cast:
SHOBHANA SAMARTH
CHANDRAKANT, MOTI,
MUBARAK, URMILA DEVI,
BHUDO ADVANI
2nd Triumphant Week!
SWASTIK
PATHE CINEMA
Daily: 3-30, 6-30 & 9-30 p.m.
Sat., Sun., Holidays Matinee 12-30 p.m.
Advance Film Exchange Release.

Biggest Laugh-Thrill!
ARTISTS COMBINE'S
Call of Youth
(Jawani Ki Pukar)
Starring AFGHAN SANDOW
3rd Week at
SUPER
Daily: 4-15, 7 & 9-45 p.m.
A 'FINE FILMS (INDIA)' RELEASE.

IT'S A JOY-SCREAM!

Follow the CROWDS TO Meet BABY LAL, LEADING To **Laugh-Land!**
ACHARYA ART'S FUNNIEST of all Musicomedies!
'KUNWARA-BAP'
KISHORE SAHU
PROTIMA DASGUPTA
Daily: 4-15, 7 & 10 p.m.
Attracting the elite at
LAMINGTON
(A BHARAT Pictures Release).

Talking About Pictures They Wind Up With
DALSUKH PANCHOLI'S
Khan-Daan
THEIR POPULAR PICTURE IN
13th Week at
NEW WEST-END
Daily at 3, 6 and 9 p. m.

Youth allied to Spring!
BOMBAY TALKIES' Song-Dance-Speed Show
BASANT
Starring:
MUMTAZ SHANTI and ULLHAS
PREMIERE, 1 P.M. ON *SATURDAY, NEXT*
MAJESTIC

REGAL at 4, 6-30 & 9-30 p.m.

ROBUST ADVENTURE DRAMA HEAD
Churchill's Broadcast in latest NEWS
FREE LIST SUSPENDED

"THE VIOLIN-TOUCH IN PHIR MILENGE MAKES ROMANCE SWEETER"!—
Is the Verdict of Thousands!
MINERVA'S SWEET ENTERTAINER

PHIR MILENGE
Direction: SOHRAB MODI
Cast:—
SARDAR AKHTAR, SADIQALI, MEENA, SINGH
RUNNING TO FULL-HOUSES AT
CENTRAL
—GIRGAUM—
Daily: 3-30, 6-30 & 9-30 p. m.
Sat., Sun. Holidays Matinee at 12-30 p. m.
Book Your Seats Early
—AN EVERGREEN RELEASE—

दुनिया एक तमाशा
NON-STOP 8TH WEEK!
NOVELTY
Daily: 3-30, 6-30, 9-30 p.m.
"DUNIYA-EK-TAMASHA"
with
SARDAR AKHTAR
In the Best Role of her career.
TO-MORROW 1 P.M.
'ZENANA' SHOW

THERE'S Nothing to Beat it!
Ankh-Michowli
is still on Top
at
IMPERIAL
Daily 4, 7 and 10 p.m.

Which is Greater LOVE or Service to Mankind?
See
TAMANNA
Starring: LEELA DESAI
5th WEEK at
OPERA HOUSE
Daily: 3-30, 6-30 & 9-30 p.m.

IN 11TH WEEK
TAKE YOUR CHANCE TO SEE A GRAND GALA MIX-UP OF RAILWAYS & ROMANCE
in
PRAKASH'S
Station Master
Daily: 3-30, 6-30 & 9-30 p.m.
MINERVA
An Evergreen Release.

IN 25TH SILVER JUBILEE WEEK
PRAKASH'S EPOCH MAKING
BHARAT MILAP
(HINDI)
BHARAT BHET
(MARATHI)
Daily: 2-45, 6 p.m. (Hindi). 9 p.m. (Marathi).
MAJESTIC
An Evergreen Release.

FREE
Send -/4/- stamps first to get the miraculously effective medicines of any Sexual Disorder free for trial to get fully convinced of their action before spending and avoid deception as at other places. For secret details send -/3/- stamps for the book "Sexual Guide" (110 pages).
KAVIRAJ KHAZAN CHAND, B.A.
Famous Sex Specialist & Gold Medalist
Chamberlain Road, Lahore. 'Phone 4848

MILLIONS SAVED
Why Not You?

If you are quite hopeless after taking treatment of many attractively advertising physicians, consult at once world-famous and well experienced Dr. Z. M. Rai, M.D.H. First (London) Regtd. First Class Gold Medalist who in reality is the only doctor to cure nervous debility, sexual weakness, wet dreams, Gonorrhoea, Syphilis and (Piles) within a week with guarantee without operation.
ORIENTAL DISPENSARY
Sandhurst Road, near Diamond Talkies, Opp Municipal Garden Bombay 4.
TIME:—8 to 12, and 4-30 to 8-30.

DONT MENTION CONSTIPATION!
It's a word we never use in this house; you see it's never needed, we use CASTOPHENE instead! CASTOPHENE is the ideal laxative for regular people—grown-ups and kiddies too—a real boon at an easy price.
IT TASTES NICER WON'T FORM A HABIT AND COSTS SO LITTLE
Castophene CHOCOLATE LAXATIVE CASTOPHENE MFG. CO. P.O. BOX 81 KARACHI

CONTRACT TREATMENT OF
LEPROSY
& LEUCODERMA
Mrs. AMIYABALA DEVI (Medalist)
'AMIYAKUTIR', Dinajpur (E.B. Ry.)

SPLITTING HEADACHE BANISHED!

Two tablets of Genasprin relieve the most throbbing, stabbing, blinding headache in 20 minutes. Genasprin's split-second disintergration and absolute purity give rapid action just when you need it most. Keep Genasprin in your house for the relief of all forms of pain. It cannot upset the stomach or harm the heart.

Genuine & Safe
Untouched by hand. Sold in bottles of 36 tablets by all chemists.
Genasprin gives instant relief from HEADACHE. NERVE-PAIN. TOOTHACHE. NEURALGIA. NEURITIS and RHEUMATISM. It brings quick, refreshing sleep to the SLEEPLESS. It checks COLDS and reduces temperature in FEVER. It is excellent for fighting DENGUE and MALARIA. Buy a bottle today!
GENASPRIN
Trade enquiries to:—
MARTIN & HARRIS LTD., Mercantile Buildings, Lall Bazaar, Calcutta.
Savoy Chambers, Wallace Street, Fort, Bombay or any Branches.
The word 'GENASPRIN' is the registered trade mark of Genatosan Ltd., Loughborough, England.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 18 April, 2017

Studs

OF KREMENTZ QUALITY remain bright because of their surface of HARD ROLLED 14 kt. GOLD.

GUARANTEED FOREVER

KREMENTZ

JABAKUSUM

Healthy Hair is the most treasured asset of all women. Luxuriant hair adds to natural beauty.

JABAKUSUM HAIR OIL grows lovely hair and ensures perfect hair health.

Agents: KANCHANLAL VADILAL, Princess St., Bombay 2.

C. K. SEN & Co., LTD. JABAKUSUM HOUSE CALCUTTA

BOMBAY CRICKET ASSOCIATION

10TH ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING, at Cricket Club of India, GOVERNOR'S PAVILION, at 6 p.m.

Tele: "FLYWHEEL" Phone: 21725

Please ask A. R. P. TUBINGS for STIRRUP-PUMP in differen sizes.

R. B. S. JAIN RUBBER MILLS, 343, Kalbadevi Road, BOMBAY. 2.

BEST RESULTS REPORTED with Dr. Prem's Laboratory's Homoeopathic & Biochemic Products

Sole Distributor: Dr. WADHWA and Co.

Homoeo Chemists Largest Stockists of BOERICKE & TAFEL'S Medicines Anarkali, Lahore. Price list FREE on application

GONORRHOEA CURED

OLD or NEW—cured Guaranteedly. MEDICINE CHARGES ON CURE:—Time—9 to 12 a.m. and 5 to 8 p.m. Sunday: 9 to 12 a.m only:

Visit Personally.

SANYASI DAVAKHANA (Regd.) Near Prarthana Samaj Tram Junction, Sandhurst Road, Opp Central Bank, Bombay 4.

VESTED INTERESTS RULE DELHI, SAYS J. C. SETALVAD

Mr. J. C. Setalvad, President, Indian Merchants' Chamber, Bombay, gave a lunch at the Taj Mahal on Saturday to meet the Hon. Sir A. Ramaswamy Mudaliar, Member, Viceroy's Executive Council on Saturday.

In welcoming Sir Ramaswamy, Mr. Setalvad said:—

There was a general expectation that industrialisation of this country would go on apace as a result of the war. Unfortunately, it has not been so, as Government, constituted as they are, have not considered it as their prime and fundamental duty to help forward the development of vital Indian industries, and the commercial community feel that this is due, partially, if not wholly, to the anxiety of Government to maintain intact foreign vested interests.

If Indian industries had not been neglected during the two decades which followed the last war, and if, immediately after the commencement of this war, a definite and substantial impetus had been given to the same, India would have been able to help herself and to give a substantial contribution to the British Government; and there might not have been any such necessity for depending on friendly foreign powers for the supply of vital war requirements.

Sir Ramaswamy Mudaliar made a suitable reply which has appeared in our Sunday issue.

Best Legislation Under Congress Regime

AHMEDABAD, July 18.

"Of all the pieces of legislation passed by the Congress Ministry during the brief period it was in power the Shop Assistants Act is the best", declared Mr. Yusuf Meherally, Mayor of Bombay, addressing a crowded public meeting of shop assistants to-night in the Hansraj Pragji Hall. He suggested that Magistrates should impose the maximum penalty under the Act so that the Municipalities that Admini-

Mr. Jal R. Vimadalal instructed by Messrs. Merwanji Kolah and Co. appeared for the respondents.

WAR AGAINST POVERTY

For VICTORY CONSULT

GOEL BROS., & Co., Ltd.

Navsari Chambers, Fort, BOMBAY.

DEALERS IN

COTTON—SEEDS—BULLION, etc.

OLD AND FAMOUS CONCERN IN READY AND FORWARD BUSINESS THROUGHOUT INDIA.

We do not claim the possession of any 'Trade Secrets.' But we do claim to possess upto the minute information of any change in the commercial world. Ask for terms of business and specimen of 'BOMBAY BUSINESS DAILY REPORT.'

Telegrams: "GOELFRIEND". Telephones: 31449, 31680.

City And Suburbs

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS To-day

Hindu: Ashad Shud 7, 1992.
Muslim: Rajab 5, 1561.
Parsi: Behman 19, 1311.
Sunrise: 6-13 a.m. Sunset: 7-16 p.m.
Higatide: 3-58, 16-10.
Lowtide: 9-30, 22-42.

AMUSEMENTS OF THE DAY

METRO—"The Girl in the News" 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.
CITY LIGHT—"Pukar" 4, 7 and 10 p.m.
KOHINOOR—"Tukaram" 4-30, 7-15 and 10 p.m.
BROADWAY—"Khilauna" 4-15, 7 and 10 p.m.
REGAL—"Son of Fury" 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
CAPITOL—"Jungle Cavalcade" 4, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.
EXCELSIOR—"Jeannie" 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30
LAMINGTON—"Kunwara Bap" 4-15, 7 and 10 p.m.
KRISHNA—"Saugand" 3, 6-15 and 9-30 p.m.
PALACE—"Pot O'Gold" 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
AURORA—"Bharat Milap" 3-15, 6-30 and 9-45
PARADISE—"Hudson's Bay" 4, 6-30 and 10
HINDMATA—"Sikandar" 4-15, 7 and 9-45 p.m.
CHITRA—"Doctor" 4, 6-45 and 9-45 p.m.
EDWARD—"Woman" 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
NEW WEST END—"Khan Daan" 3, 6 and 9
MAJESTIC—"Bharat Milap" 2-45, 6 and 9
MINERVA—"Station Master" 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30
SWASTIK—"Mata" 3-30, 6-30 and 9-15 p.m.
CENTRAL—"Phir Milenge" 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.
SUPER—"Call of Youth" 4-15, 7 and 9-45 p.m.
PLAZA—"Bharat Bhet" 3-45, 6-45 and 9-45 p.m.
NOVELTY—"Duniya-Ek-Tamasha" 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.
OPERA HOUSE—"Tamanna" 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.
IMPERIAL—"Ankh Michowli" 4, 7 and 10 p.m.
ROXY—"Jhoola" 2-15, 5-45 and 9 p.m.

INCIDENT OFFICERS' TRAINING COURSE: A lecture on "message writing" will be given by Mr. J. Abernethy, to-day (Monday), at 6 p.m. in the Conference Hall, Electric House, Fort.

GOVT. CENTRAL PRESS INDUSTRIAL EMPLOYEES' UNION: The annual general meeting of the Union will be held at the Registered Office of the Union, Soman Building, Girgaon Road, Bombay, to-day (Monday), at 6-0 p.m. (S. T.).

BOMBAY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION.

A meeting of the Corporation will be held in the Corporation Hall, to-day (Monday), at 3 p.m. (B. T.).

There will be No Meeting of the Improvements Committee to-morrow (Tuesday).

The next Meeting of the Committee will be held in the Corporation Hall, on Tuesday, the 28th instant, at 3-30 p.m. (B. T.).

A. R. P. LECTURES IN KALBADEVI DIV.: Six lectures in English is arranged for benefit of A. R. P. Wardens and members of public of Kalbadevi Div., at premises of Sitaram Poddar Balika Vidyalaya, Vidya Bhuvan, Fanas Wadi, commencing from to-day (Monday), on all week days from 6-15 p.m. to 7-15 p.m. (S. T.).

RADICAL STUDENTS UNION IN BOMBAY.

The Secretary of the National Radical Democratic Union writes:—

A well-attended public meeting of the youths of Bombay, mainly composed of students, was held on Sunday in the Office of the National Democratic Union, Mehta House, Apollo Street, Fort, with a view to form the Committee for the organisation of the Radical Students' Union in Bombay. Mrs. Kalyani Bhattacharjee, presided.

A Provisional Committee was then set up to organise a Radical Students' Union with Mr. Shanthi Prasad as President and Messrs. Rumesh Kallianpur and S. Saldanha as Secretaries.

DECLARED ESSENTIAL SERVICES

The shore staff attending to the s.s. "Chandravati" and the s.s. "San Francisco Xavier" at the Ferry Wharf, Bombay, and the shore staff and crew engaged for the purpose of embarking and disembarking of passengers at the ports of Rewas and Dharamtar have been declared by the Government of Bombay to belong to "essential services" under Ordinance XI of 1941. The Government has classed also among "essential services" the officers and crew working under the Bombay Steam Navigation Company, Ltd., the Indian Co-operative Navigation and Trading Company, Ltd., and the Mazagon Dock, Ltd.

Tilak Vidyapith Convocation

POONA, July 19.

The annual convocation ceremony of the Tilak Maharastra Vidyapeeth will be held here on 31st July.

Mr. B. G. Kher, ex-Premier of Bombay and the Chancellor of the Vidyapeeth, who will preside over the ceremony, will give away the Ayurvedic degrees to the new graduates of the Vidyapeeth. —A. P.

ON THE AIR

MONDAY, JULY 20.

Delhi I—Programme

338.6 metres (886 kc/s)

5 p.m. "Dushman" Ke Gane. 5-15 Punjab Ang Ki Thumri Aur Naat. 5-30 Gauhar Sultan. 6-25 Jawabi Hamla. 6-30 Puria Dhanashri on Sarangi. 6-45 Do geet. 7 Purbi Thaat Ke Rag. 7-15 Between The Lines—2. 7-30 Delhi Radio Orchestra. 7-35 It has happened. 7-40 Gauhar Sultan. 8 For the Universities. 8-15 For villagers only. 9-50 Ghara On Sitar. 10 Ali Bakhsh. 10-15 Gauhar Sultan. 10-35 Darbari Kanhra on Sarangi.

Bombay I—Programme.

244 metres (1,231 kc/s)

7-30 a.m. Kumar Gandharv. 7-50 News in Hindustani. 8 News in English. 8-10 Khudabux. 8-25 Hamidi recital. 8-35 S. N. Chapekar. 8-50 News in Marathi. 9 News in Gujarati. 9-10 Susheelabai Honavarkar. 12-30 p.m. Prabhu Gun Gan. 12-57 News in Hindustani. 1 Musical variety. 1-30 News in English. 1-35 Lunch hour music. 4-20 School broadcast. 5 To-morrow. 5-5 S. N. Suryawanshi. 5-15 M. Tufail. 5-25 Gangabai Rao. 6-40 News in Marathi. 5-45 News in Gujarati. 5-50 V. S. Gangolli. 6 News in English. 6-10 Counter-attack. 6-15 News in Hindustani. 6-25 Local news and announcements. 6-30 Nana Ani Mani. 7 Dhol Ni Pol. 7-15 Variety. 7-30 Khudabux. 7-45 News commentary. 7-50 V. R. Sardeshmukh. 8 Air Bhajan Mandali. 8-10 News in Marathi. 8-20 News in Gujarati. 8-30 Sports review. 8-45 Radio Reconnaissance. 9 News in Hindustani. 9-20 News in English. 9-30 B B C News relay. 9-45 Listening post. 9-50 War commentary. 10 Susheelabai Honavarkar. 10-15 Nisar Ahmad. 10-25 V. R Sardeshmukh. 10-35 Kumar Gandharv.

Bombay II—Programme

41.44 metres (7,240 kc/s)

7-30 to 7-50 a.m. As in Bombay 1. 7-50 V. R. Sardeshmukh. 8-10 to 8-50 As in Bombay 1. 8-50 Ghazal and Bhajan. 8-10 to 9-30 As in Bombay 1.

12-30 to 2-25 p.m. As in Bombay 1.

4-20 to 7-15 As in Bombay 1. 7-15 Interval.

61.48 metres (4,880 kc/s)

7-30 p.m. Commercial news. 7-45 to 8-10 As in Bombay 1. 8-10 Susheelabai Honavarkar. 8-30 to 9 As in Bombay 1. 9 Air Orchestra. 9-10 Kumar Gandharv. 9-30 Kaye Grant. 9-45 Bert Nissim and his Merry Makers.

CHINESE RECAPTURE WENCHOW SEAPORT

CHUNGKING, July 19.

Wenchow, an important seaport in China's seaboard province of Chekiang, has been recaptured by the Chinese, according to to-night's 'communique.'

Juan, some ten miles to the south-west of Wenchow has also been recaptured. Along the Chekian-Kiangsi Railway Chinese forces have retaken Henfeng and Iyang.—Reuter.

FOUR TOWNS CAPTURED

CHUNGKING:—A Chinese communique says four towns altogether were recaptured. Wenchow and Juian fell on July 17th with heavy losses for Japanese. The Chinese took possession of Hengfeng in Eastern Kiangsi on July 18th, after surprising the Japanese who set fire to the city, broke through the Chinese cordon and fled towards Shangyo.

"Another Chinese unit at daybreak on the same day attacked Iyang west of Hengfeng, surrounding some enemy troops more than half of whom were annihilated. By three o'clock the following morning the Japanese in Iyang had fled". The Chinese adds the communique, have repulsed the enemy's push southeast of Kwangfeng, and are also meeting with success in southern Honan.—Reuter.

SARDAR MEETS CONGRESSMEN

Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel addressed a meeting of the local Congress workers at the Congress House on Sunday evening when he explained to them the implications of the Working Committee resolutions. More than 200 Congress workers, including members of the B. P. C. C. and District Congress Committees, were present at the meeting. The meeting was not open to the press.

Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel urged those present to be prepared for all eventualities and to scrupulously follow the instructions of Mahatma Gandhi. "You should feel and act as free men",—this was the burden of his 45 minutes' talk.

The broad outlines of the proposed plan of action were also, it is understood, dealt with by the Sardar.

Brick Merchants Fined Under 'Defence' Rules

BOMBAY, Friday.

For selling bricks without a licence from the Controller of Bricks, two brick merchants were charged before Mr. Kantilal Thakore, Additional Presidency Magistrate at the Esplanade Police Court under the Defence of India Rules.

Ranchordas Mathurdas, was sentenced to pay a fine of Rs. 250 for selling bricks without a licence on two occasions.

Bachubhai Chunilal Parekh, also a brick merchant was sentenced to pay a fine of Rs. 150 for a similar offence.

ASTHMA

DOCTOR'S BOOK FREE

Defence against Asthma must take the form of attack. YOU must attack. You must steadily build up your whole system until the attacks get less cruel less frequent. Strengthen your natural resistance by taking Dr Hair's Asthma Cure which is a liquid medicine and therefore can be completely absorbed by the system. If only you could see the mountain of joyful letters from sufferers who have found true relief by taking Dr. Hair's Asthma Cure you would realise that you also can end the bitter suffering of Asthma Dr Hair knew, too well, the tyranny of Asthma.

For eleven years he suffered and then at last he found the Remedy.

You want proof—here it is. Read Dr Hair's own book free. Post coupon below at once. Involve yourself in no obligation. But for your own sake read the proof.

The Royal Physician who said he knew many people benefited by using the Dr Hair's Asthma Cure.

Dr. Hair's ASTHMA CURE

Obtainable at all leading Chemists or direct from address below.

COUPON FOR FREE MEDICAL BOOK.

To, The Indian Depot, (Dept. No. 1) P.O. Box 431. BOMBAY.

Send me at once without expense or obligation free 48-page book by Dr. B. W. Hair, M.D., with details of Treatment, Health Rules, Diet Suggestions, and Patients' Health Testimonials.

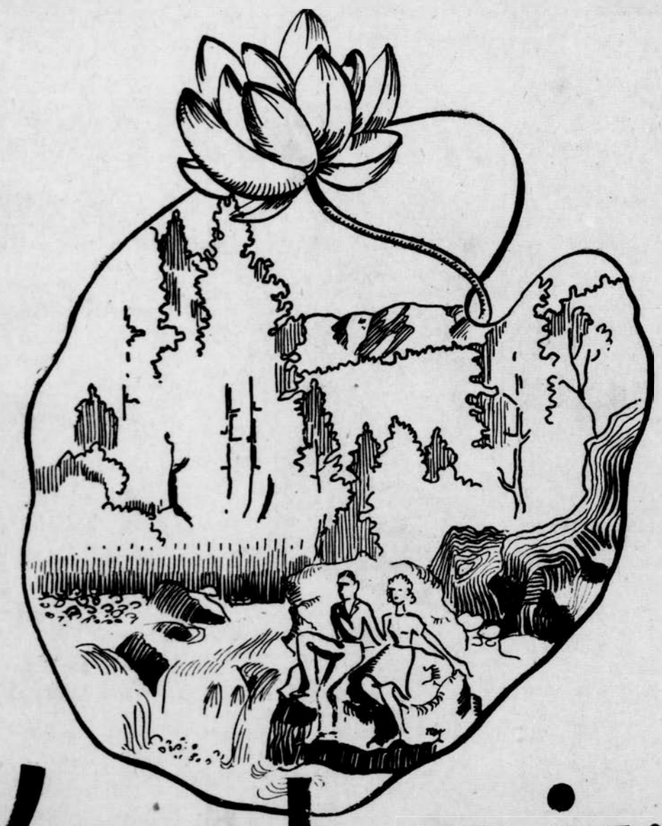
NAME .....

ADDRESS .....

LOCAL INHABITANTS need not apply!

In occupied China the Japanese have ousted the Chinese from every decent job from the top to the bottom of the business world. There are no Chinese industrialists any more, no Chinese shopkeepers, no Chinese professional men or stenographers or clerks, not even Chinese street-vendors. These jobs are for the Japanese, the rewards of conquest. This is what happens when the Japanese come. Do not stand by and see this happen in India! The energies of every man and woman are needed to make our defences sure.

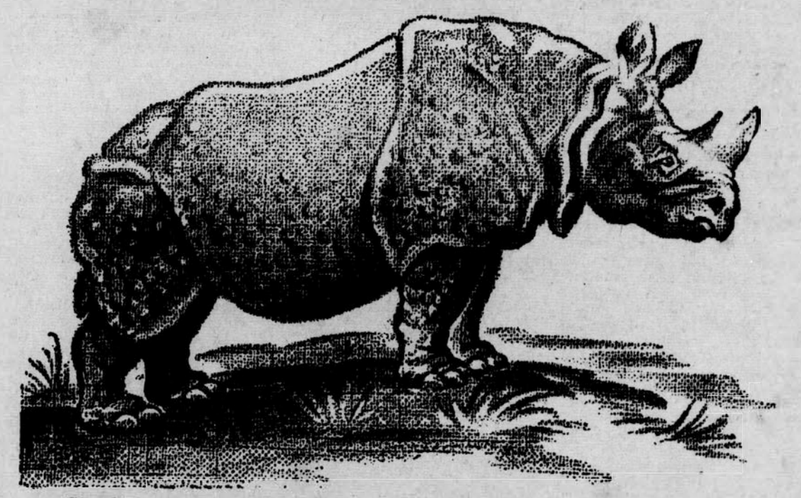
BUILD THE NATIONAL WAR FRONT against the Japanese



Kashmir

To wander through valleys filled with the music of running waters and the song of a choir of birds, to gaze at mountain tops half seen through the feathery branches of fir trees is to find romance worthy of the land of the Lotus.

TRAVEL PARTICULARS FROM: DIRECTOR, VISITOR'S BUREAU, SRINAGAR, OR FROM TOURIST AGENCIES



The Rhinoceros

has little intelligence, but for self protection against attack Nature has endowed this massively built animal with such an unusually thick and tough hide that even a rifle bullet is not always able to penetrate it.

Cast Iron Pipes though not bullet-proof are proof against disintegration from rust and the corrosive effects of gases and chemicals which gives them a life that is almost limitless and makes them the most economical and practicable form of piping in the world.

CAST IRON PIPES

for Dependability and Limitless Durability.

(MADE AT OUR KULTI WORKS TO B. S. S.)

THE INDIAN IRON & STEEL CO., LTD.

MANAGING AGENTS: BURN & CO., CALCUTTA LAHORE & NEW DELHI

WORKS AT: HIRAPUR & KULTI

L.I.S.8

Agents for Bombay Presidency. ORMERODS (India) Ltd., P. O. Box No. 410, Bombay.

Telephone No. 22832
Post Box 322
Telegrams: "CHRONICLE"
Registered No. B 1069

The Bombay Chronicle

FRIVOLOUS OBJECTIONS

According to Reuter's lobby correspondent, Whitehall's attitude towards the Congress Working Committee's resolution is that it will not give rise to a change of policy by Government since it is considered that there can be no such abdication of Government's powers as is required by the resolution without creating chaos and paving the way for Japanese Apart from the points that certain risks have to be taken in any struggle for freedom and that chaos may be prevented or minimised if a communal settlement precedes the struggle, an internal crisis may be wholly averted if Britain comes to a settlement with Congress. If Britain wants to justify a no-change attitude she has to show not only that a Congress campaign will cause chaos but also that no settlement with Congress is possible. If a settlement is not possible it may be because Britain is still unwilling to withdraw her imperialist hold on India, and talk of chaos and all that only disguises her selfishness.

Congress & The Country

Referring to the Congress expectation that on the transfer of power to India responsible men and women of the country will come together to form a Provisional Government the correspondent writes: "In the light of experience such an eventuality is considered in Whitehall as, to say the least, most improbable. The opposition to Congress policy of one hundred million Muslims and sixty million untouchables, quite apart from the Indian States, over which the Congress has no control, must be reckoned with. It would, therefore, appear that the Congress is far less concerned with the independence of India than with Congress control of India". If this truly reflects the mind of the British Government, it only strengthens Gandhiji's view, which we do not share, that there can be no communal settlement unless India is rid of Britain's dividing influence. If the anti-Congress elements mentioned form a majority—Sir Stanley Reed is reported to have cited figures showing that the minorities in India represent fifty-two per cent. of the Indian people—what prevents Britain from turning the tables on the Congress by transferring power to the country with its anti-Congress majority? The only answer is that Britain, however selfish, recognises at heart that Congress represents the vast bulk of the Indian population. Regarding the Congress demand for a truly National Government, Whitehall's reply is said to be that of the fifteen members of the Viceroy's Executive eleven are Indians, while of the higher Civil Service half are Indians with a much greater Indian percentage in other branches and in the army. Now the meanest intelligence, coupled with common honesty, should recognise that, even if all the members were Indians or even if the Viceroy were an Indian, that would not constitute a truly National Government so long as the Government had to take orders from the British Government. If the position of India and Britain were reversed, we are sure Britain would not tolerate her lot or the nonsensical explanation attempted in the words quoted above. Finally, referring to the Congress contention that "India in bondage can play no effective part in defending herself" it is represented as ignoring "the magnificent record of Indian troops in the various war theatres and overlooking that India in bondage has already produced one and a quarter million volunteers." But the position would naturally have been far more magnificent if all these men could fight as free men for their country's freedom under their own national Government. If Burma had a fully free and national Government her present position might have been different. India is not going to have recent Burmese history repeated on her own soil.

Britain's Duty

We note that Sir Feroz Khan Noon, the new Defence Member, has indulged in some unrestrained condemnation of the Congress and Ganhiji, reproducing the very arguments attributed to Whitehall by Reuter's lobby correspondent. But he has reduced the estimate of Muslim population in India from 100 millions, as imagined by Whitehall to 90 millions and has increased the population of the Depressed Classes from 60 to 100 millions. He is probably misled by hastily got up "talking points" supplied to him. If Congress, by comparison, is so small a body, why not transfer power to the country? Congress would then be shown its place and Congress would not mind. Abuse and misrepresentation of its aims and policy by supporters of Government will do no good. Nay, it will do much harm by making a settlement with it harder. Nor will it do merely to paint a grim picture of what may follow a Congress campaign. Mass movement in the midst of a great world war and in the absence of a communal settlement, would be disastrous for the country. But Britain cannot escape her responsibility for goading Congress to undertake the movement by her consistent refusal to part with power and thus enable India to play her due and effective share in carrying on the war. The best way to avert the impending catastrophe is for Britain to effect a settlement with the Congress and with other important sections in the country.

Reform In Cotton Trade

The members of the East India Cotton Association have unanimously accepted the new hedge contract based on Jarila cotton of three-fourths of an inch staple length for the coming Indian cotton crop with five delivery months, January, March, May July and September. Sir Purshotamdas Thakurdas, President of the Association, who has rendered great services to Indian cotton trade, made strenuous efforts to secure an unanimous vote by tactfully handling the opposition and was rightly congratulated on his success by several members at the end of the meeting. But credit also goes to the entire cotton trade for the effective co-operation shown by it in sinking differences for common good. It is war time which has induced radical changes in the working of the trade. During the last world war, the trade introduced the clearing house system which has now become a boon, while the present war necessitated revolutionary changes including a hedge market entirely based on long staple.

All these years Indian cotton trade mostly depended on export business but, with the march of time, India is becoming self-sufficient for its needs of cotton textiles. Growing short and medium staple cotton India had to depend upon export and we had an agreement with Japan enabling her to export cloth to this country against her purchases of our raw cotton. But today the situation has changed. Indian mills are manufacturing cotton textiles of all kinds to meet the domestic demand and are in a position to offer to foreign countries almost any kind of cloth they want. For many years we have had to import long staple cotton from foreign countries, but now our cotton crop has about 2 1/2 to 3 million bales of long staple cotton and our mills will not have to depend on foreign imports of long staple cotton. Thus the adoption of long staple hedge contract will encourage the growth of the required quality and staple of cotton and to this extent the country will be independent. There will be no need to enter into barter agreements. Our mills have the required cotton at their door and consumers are around them. Thus the Indian textile industry has a special advantage over its foreign competitors.

Indian cotton mills have made satisfactory progress and if they are careful during the war period, there is reason to hope that the textile industry will play an important part in the economic progress of the country. The cotton trade should not only focus attention on its own benefit but, with wider vision, must assist in providing a fair price to cotton growers. At the same time care should be taken not to manipulate prices as this will do harm to the industry. Thus the cotton trade has a heavy responsibility, and necessary precautions have been taken against undue manipulations. But at times some operators with ample resources use the facility of the hedge contract in forward markets for personal gain through undesirable and reckless speculation which often depresses cotton prices to uneconomic levels and ruins cotton growers; on the other hand, pushing up prices to dizzy heights mars the prospects of the textile trade. It is this class of operators who particularly need warning. It is true that these operators contitute an important element in making prices and carry huge responsibilities, but there is limit all these things and overdoing must be restrained. If the trade offers effective co-operation in protecting the interests of cotton growers and cotton mills, one can safely say that India will be independent as far as the cotton production and the satisfaction of textile needs are concerned, and we trust the new system, though adopted as a necessity to meet the situation created by the present War, will remain in force in the years to come with such readjustments as may be demanded by experience and changing trends in the world's economy. While the new hedge contract cannot be called a perfect one, it is decidely constructive, with the prospect of doing good to many. However, we would urge custodians of the E. I. C. A. and the Mahajan Association to adopt uniform trading hours and give no chance to speculators for securing undue benefits.

Frankly Speaking

Sombre Warning

Mr. Oliver Lyttleton, Britain's Production Chief and Mr. Churchill's right hand, man has struck a sombre note of warning to the British declaring they stood in the gravest peril since the Battle of Britain. This does not quite accord with the assurance contained in the joint statement recently issued by President Roosevelt and Mr. Churchill. But although General Auchinleck has succeeded in forcing at least a temporary stalemate in Egypt since then, the situation in Russia has been deteriorating alarmingly, indeed, and certainly threatens a major disaster unless Russia's Allies come to her rescue soon. In this connection Mr. Lyttleton does not go beyond asserting that Britain has been faithfully fulfilling the Moscow Conference contract. There is, indeed, a significant hint to the contrary. "It will" says Mr Lyttleton, "be folly to deny that these 80 days in front of us are some of the gravest we have ever faced." Mr. Lyttleton, thinking obviously of the Russian crisis, appears to imply that Russia is left to her own heroic devices till the winter arrives to save her in mid-October! If this is so not Britain alone but all the United Nations also are going to face the gravest peril during the next 80 days.

Battle Of Egypt

The last week in Egypt cannot be said to have gone against General Auchinleck. In fact, the balance of the fighting has been in his favour. In all the three sectors of the fronts he has been able to make some progress. And while Field Marshal Rommel has not failed promptly and vigorously to counter-attack and even recapture some lost points he has certainly failed to restore the original position. But the crucial stage which will decide the battle of El-Alamein and, in fact, the battle of the Western Desert, has yet to come. Tanks which will play the decisive role in the battle have clashed but only occasionally and for short spells. As a British commentator suggests, neither side feels itself strong enough to develop a serious enough conflict.

British Position

If so, this, perhaps, is an advantage to the British. Now that they have resumed their aggressive activities to give Rommel and his present resources no rest and their aircraft as also those of the U. S. A. are busy effectively bombing his supply bases in the rear and his equipment in the battle area, the British have better opportunities of making themselves much stronger than the Axis and turning the tide which, let us emphasise, has so far been only checked from flowing towards Alexandria. Incidentally, it is good to learn that British naval aircraft are playing quite a prominent part in the land fight for Egypt. On Friday night they are reported to have destroyed the greater part of important and urgent petrol supplies which had just been unloaded for Rommel's panzers at Mersa Matruh. They also bombed, presumably at the same time, heavy concentrations of tanks and motor transport immediately behind the Axis lines. These successes are bound to be greatly helpful to General Auchinleck. But why, we wonder, is the Navy itself inactive?

Japs And Siberia

An American paper quotes reliable unofficial reports from the Far East to the effect that Japan is moving more seasoned troops northwards to the Manchukuo-Siberian front. A fortnight ago very few observers would have accepted the view that an attack upon Russia by opportunist and coldly calculating Japan was imminent. But to-day it is not at all an unreasonable forecast. The situation in European Russia has changed suddenly and quite unexpectedly, so that, for once, Russia is facing a real crisis. The Japanese have hesitated to strike at Russia so far because they were busy elsewhere and because they entertained a wholesome fear of Soviet ability to fight Japan simultaneously with Germany. What would be more natural than that the present German drive which demands almost all the energy and resources of Russia to halt, should encourage the Japanese to strike? This is a very likely development.

If 'Harijan' Is Suppressed

Loss Will Be Govt's As It Is A Pro-British Paper, Says Mahatma

AHMEDABAD, July 19.

"If 'Harijan' is suppressed"—answering this question Mahatma Gandhi writes in "Harijan":

'Anxious enquiries are being made as to what I would do if "Harijan" was suppressed. Rumours are afloat that orders are on their way. I would ask inquirers not to be agitated if "Harijan" is suppressed. The paper may be suppressed. The manager has been instructed to stop the paper immediately orders are served on him. It is no part of the movement to publish "Harijan" in defiance of orders.

But "Harijan" may be suppressed, its message cannot be, so long as I live.

Indeed, the spirit will survive the dissolution of the body and somehow speak through the millions.

For, with due apologies to Veer Savarkar and Quaid-e-Azam Jinnah, I claim to represent the joint spirit of millions of Hindus and Mussalmans, and other non-Hindus who call themselves children of Hindustan. I am living and hope to have the strength to die, for the freedom of every inhabitant of this land.

LOSS WILL BE GOVT.'S

Let us see what 'Harijan' is today. It is being published in English, Hindi, Urdu, (2 places), Tamil, Telugu (2 places), Ooriya, Marathi, Gujarati, Kanarese (2 places). It is ready to be published in Bengali only awaiting legal permission. Applications have come from Assam, Kerala and Sindh. All but one edition have a large circulation compared to the other weeklies.

I suggest that it is no small matter to suppress such a paper. The loss will be more Government's than the people's. They will incur much ill-will by suppressing a popular paper.

Let it be known too that "Harijan" is a viewspaper as distinguished from a newspaper. People buy and read it not for amusement but instruction and regulating their daily conduct. They literally take their weekly lessons in non-violence. It cannot pay the authorities to deprive the people of their weekly food and Harijan is not an anti-British paper. It is pro-British from head to foot. It wishes well to the British people. It tells them in the friendliest manner where in its opinion they err.

PRO-BRITISH

The Anglo-Indian papers I know are Government favourites. They represent a dying imperialism. Whether Britain wins or loses, imperialism has to die. It is certainly of no use now to the British people whatever it may have been in the past. In that sense therefore Anglo-Indian papers are really ant'-British as 'Harijan' is pro-British. The former are disseminating hatred day by day by hiding the reality and bolstering Imperialism, which is ruining Britain. It is in order to arrest the progress of that ruin that, frail as I am, I have put my whole soul into a movement which, if it is designed to free India from the Imperial yoke, is equally intended to contribute the mightiest war-effort in their behalf If they suppress 'Harijan' let them know what they will seek to suppress.

Let me add too that without needing any pressure from outside, I am using the greatest restraint in the choice of printing matter. Nothing is being consciously published that would give any clue to the 'enemy' as to military objectives or dispositions. Care is being exercised to avoid all exaggeration or sensational matter. Adjectives and adverbs are well-weighed before being used. And they know that I am ever ready to acknowledge errors and mend them.

CAN INDIA BE FREE WHILE ALIEN TROOPS LEAD DEFENCE?

Mahatma Answers "Pertinent Questions"

Under the caption, "Pertinent questions," Mahatma Gandhi answers following questions in Sunday's "Harijan":

1. If non-violent activity is neutralized by and cannot go along with armed violence in the same area, will there remain any scope for non-violent resistance to aggression in the event of India allowing foreign troops to remain on her soil and operate from here?

2. If the maintenance of India's freedom is allowed to be made dependent upon arms which, in the existing circumstances, will be led and controlled by Britain and America, can there be a feeling of real freedom experienced by the people of India, at any rate, during the duration of the war?

ROLE IN DEFENCE

3. Whatever may be the terms of the 'Treaty,' if the Anglo-American military machine is allowed to operate for the 'defence' of India, can Indians play anything but a minor and subordinate role in the defence of this country?

4. Supposing the British, not from any moral motive but only to gain a political and strategical advantage for the time being, agree to a 'Treaty' under which they are allowed to maintain and increase their military forces in India, how can they be dislodged afterwards if they prefer to remain in possession?

5. Is not the position postulated in the preceding question comparable to the position that would arise if, for instance, Subhas Babu made a treaty with Germany and Japan under which India would be declared 'Independent' and the Axis forces would enter India to drive the British out?

CONDITIONS OF INDEPENDENCE

6. If the Congress, as Maulana Saheb has just stated, 'considers defence as armed defence only', is there any prospect of real indepedence for India, in view of the fact that India simply has not got the resources 'independently' to offer effective armed resistance to a formidable aggressor? If we are to think in terms of armed defence only, can India, to mention only one thing, expect to remain independent with her 4,000 miles of coast-line and no navy and ship-building industry?

7. What material aid could India send to China to-day, even if she were declared 'Independent' by the British?

Mahatma's Reply

Mahatma Gandhi replies:—

(1) The flaw pointed out in the first question cannot be denied. I have admitted it before now. The tolerance of Allied troops by Free India is an admmission of the nation's limitations. The nation as a whole has never been claimed to be non-violent. What part is cannot be said with any accuracy. And what is decisive is that India has not yet demonstrated non-violence of the strong such as would be required to withstand a powerful army of invasion. If we had developed that strength we would have acquired our freedom long ago and there would be no question of any troops being stationed in India.

NOVELTY OF DEMAND

The novelty of the demand should not be missed. It is a demand not for a transference of power from Great Britain to a Free India. For there is no party to which Britain would transfer such power. We lack the unity that gives strength. The demand, therefore, is not based on our demonstrable strength. It is a demand made upon Britain to do the right irrespective of the capacity of the party wronged to bear the consequences of Britain's right act. Will Britain restore seized property to the victim merely because the seizure was wrong? It is none of her concern to weigh whether the victim will be able to hold possession of the restored property. Hence it is that I have been obliged to make use of the word anarchy in this connection. This great moral act must give Britain moral status which should ensure victory.

IF INDIA IS THE STAKE

Whether without India Britain would have any reason to fight is a question I need not consider. If India is the stake and not British honour, we should know. My demand then loses force, but not justness.

Such being the case my honesty and honour require me to provide for the flaw. If to ask for the withdrawal of the Allied forces means their certain defeat, my demand must be ruled out as dishonest. Force of circumstances has given rise to the demand and also to its limitations. It must be admitted, therefore, that there will be little scope for non-violent resistance of aggression, with the Allied troops operating in India, as there is practically none now. For the troops are there today enjoying full mastery over us. Under my demand they will operate under the nation's terms.

IF BRITAIN IS HONEST

(2) If Britain's declaration is honest I see no reason why the presence of the troops should, in any shape or form, affect the feeling of real freedom. Did the French feel differently when during the last war the English troops were operating in France? When my master of yesterday becomes my equal and lives in my house on my terms, surely his presence cannot detract from my freedom. Nay, I may profit by his presence which I have permitted.

IF THE TROOPS LEFT INDIA

(3) The conception in my scheme is that we do not want these troops for our defence or protection. If they left these shores we expect to manage somehow. We may put up non-violent defence. If luck favours us, the Japanese may see no reason to hold the country after the Allies have withdrawn. If they discover that they are notwanted It is all speculation as to what can happen after withdrawal, voluntary and orderly, or forced.

4. We assume their or rather British honesty. It would be not a matter of dislodging them, it is one of their fulfilling their plighted word. If they commit breach of faith, we must have strength enough, non-violent or violent, to enforce fulfilment.

FROM FRYING PAN INTO FIRE

5. Surely there is as much difference between the South Pole and the North as there is between the imagined conditions My demand deals with the possessor; Subhas Babu will bring German troops to oust the possessor. Germany is under no obligation to deliver India from bondage. Therefore Subhas Babu's performance can only fling India from the frying pan into the fire. I hope the distinction is clear.

6. Maulana Saheb, it is well-known, does not hold my view that any country can defend itself without force of arms My demand is based on the view that it is possible to defend one's country non-violently.

INDIA, CHINA AND JAPAN

7. India at present gives such indifferent and ill-conceived aid as the Allies think desirable. Free India can send men and material that China may need. India has affinities with China being part of Asia which the Allies cannot possibly possess and exploit. Who knows that Free India may not even succeed in persuading Japan to do the right by China?—A. P.

SOME ONE MUST STEP IN

BY D. F. KARAKA

We are heading for dark days. Right in the middle of a world war, it would appear as if we will be involved in another war—a war at home. Not so much the Congress statement as the interpretation put upon it by Mahatma Gandhi seems to have come as a rude shock after the earlier announcement by the Mahatma and Pandit Nehru that the Congress wants to do nothing that will prejudice the Allied cause. Once, too, the expression "a stab in the back" was used and it was said that India would never do that to Britain. Now the Mahatma has used a more definite and pungent expression. He has spoken of "an open rebellion" Without wanting to delve into the merits or demerits of Congress policy, I find it difficult to reconcile the attitude of the Congress on these two occasions. Some of us really want to be clear as to whether the Congress has changed its attitude towards the Allied cause or not. That is one of the things about which I am still at sea and with me are a number of people who cannot understand where we stood yesterday and where we are asked to stand today.

* * *

I think a time has come when the common people of both Britain and India began to make their voice heard and challenged the right of many people to lead us. It is reasonable to say that among the ordinary people of Britain and India there is a genuine desire to come together and to fight against the Axis Powers in this world war. India wants to do it on honourable terms and wants to share the responsibility. The people of Britain want to see India harnessed to the war effort of the democracies. That is what thinking people in these two countries want. On the other hand, the leaders of these two countries have taken us further and further away and the result is that that we are drifting apart to the obvious advantage of the enemy who is only too eager to seize such an opportunity. It is with regret that I find that Churchill's great statesmanship, which took England through the great Blitz and through the dark days that followed the fall of France, has not been brought to bear upon the problem of Anglo-Indian collaboration. His retention of Amery in office is evidence of his being satisfied with the 'status quo That grandeur of vision and that determination to do the impossible with which Churchill is credited have not been spilt on India more than for a fleeting moment or two. I am fully aware of that. Even so and in spite of the unsatisfactory condition of the status of this country in this war, I am one of those who find it difficult to take my vengeance on humanity as a whole just because I want to get my own back on those who have denied me my freedom. I find it difficult to be able to say that mass civil disobedience would not prejudice the Allied cause. I find it difficult to say that it does not amount to a stab in the back. I do not question the action of anyone who wishes to take that course. I do question the implication of such an action.

* * *

I feel that more issues are involved in this war than those with which we in India are concerned. I do not think that British statesmanship has done everything it should have done to give the nationalist element in India a chance to allign itself with honour on the side of the democracies. Even so it is one thing to be a passive observer in the shape of a benevolent neutral in this conflict and quite another to be a participant in a campaign of mass civil disobedience which is aimed at offering resistance—even though of the non-violent variety—to those who are already fighting a war for their existence. Mahatma Gandhi always says that the essence of his faith is that it is not based on coercion. I cannot think of a more brutal and telling form of coercion than to threaten to start in India what the Mahatma describes as an "open revolution." Again I say that I do not deny to anyone the right to revolt. Revolutions have occurred all over the world throughout the ages. But let us call a revolution by its proper name. Maybe we can deceive British and American and Chinese and Russian public opinion, but it is difficult to deceive ourselves about the full implications of the policy to which we are committing ourselves.

* * *

Such is the dark future ahead of us. There will be conflict, of that there is no question of doubt. Conflict even within ourselves. That is why I feel that someone must intervene to stop this drifting to which we are getting attracted without knowing what it will lead us to. There is enough bitterness in Indian hearts, which has already stood in the way of our defence. If it was only of ourselves that we had to think it would have been our own look-out, but there are other people whose very lives are at stake. The freedom of others may be affected by the attitude of this country. I want to know whether we have a right to jeopardise that freedom and whether you and I are willing to take the responsibility of having the blood of innocents on our hands.

Someone, therefore, must intervene. Maybe it is Sapru or Chiang or Roosevelt or a combination of them. But someone must intervene. Of that I am very sure.

TETE-A-TETE

WITHOUT COMMENT—

"Mr. Jinnah may say that he could achieve Pakistan without the aid of British Government. But we need the protection and safeguarding of our rights, before Britain and the Allied Nations hand over Government of the country to a caste ridden population. Gratitude to the British Government is part and parcel of our mental and moral make-up and no Gandhi can wean us from it.

—Mr. M. C. Rajah, the "Depressed Classes" Leader.

* * *

U. P. Liberals under the Presidentship of Dr. Hridaya Nath Kunzru have resolved that the expansion of the Viceroy's Council has not resulted in the transfer of any additional power to Indians etc. etc.

Busy as he is, and as he will be, dealing with Mahatma Gandhi, it is hardly fair to Sir C. P. Ramaswamy Iyer, the new Propaganda Minister, to challenge him to a fight on a second front too.

* * *

"It is an open secret," Sir A. Ramaswamy Mudaliar told the Bombay Indian Merchants' Chamber, "that those of us who occupied the present Government carried our resignations in our pocket" in anticipation of the establishment of a National Government.

This is another reason why we have deplored the non-establishment of a National Government

* * *

Anyway, let us congratulate Sir A. Ramaswamy Mudaliar that he is now going to "occupy" (!!!) the War Cabinet

He deserves it even though—we mean whether the War Cabinet does or not.

* * *

Criticising the Congress attitude, the "Economist" of London complains that Mr. Jinnah "has not been helpful in the recent search for an Indian agreement."

Quite right. But what the "Economist" doesn't know is what is helpful to the Muslim League.

* * *

The Hindu Mahasabha as interpreted by Dr. Moonje "has never been nor does it ever intend to be a purely communal organisation."

No Sir, all that it wants is that recruitment to the Army of Hindus should not be less than 75 p.c. and of Muslims NOT more than 25 p. c.

* * *

In a speech at Birmingham Lord Halifax is reported to have paid a tribute to the gallantry and resilience of the resistance of the Russian people.

If only the noble and statesmanlike Lord had been less—er—"realistic" five years ago!

* * *

Naval aircraft from Alexandria are reported to have had a very successful night out on Friday.

But that is hardly a substitute for "the Navy is here," is it?

* * *

Reports are current in America that the Japanese are concentrating troops on the Siberian border.

The Russians may well smile and ask, do the Americans think we don't know as they themselves didn't in December last?

* *

"Daddy, does the Moon really affect the tide?"

"Yes, my son, but most on the untied!"

However soaking wet it be outside, a cup of hot tea and GLUCO Biscuits will give you all the warmth and energy you need. Delicious in taste, they are full of vitamins and essential health elements.

A Product of :—
THE CALCUTTA ELECTRICAL M.F.G.Co.Ltd.
8, ROYAL EXCHANGE PLACE, CALCUTTA. Phone: CAL 4770

Men and Women with WILLS TO WIN are smoking GOLD FLAKE

Re. 1/6 for 50—4½ Annas for 10.

W. D. & H. O. WILLS

BRISTOL & LONDON.

SAVE FOR VICTORY BRITISH · WAR · SAVINGS MOVEMENT ASK YOUR BANK

G.F.273

WORLD OF SPORT: HOME AND ABROAD

East Bengal Succeeds At Last In Calcutta Football League

(BY LOOKER-ON.)

It is a matter of congratulation to the East Bengal Club that they have at last succeeded in winning the Calcutta Football League Championship. They have been trying to attain this great honour for more than a quarter of a century. Five times they missed it very narrowly. I believe they were the first club in Calcutta, or anywhere else, to import players from outside the province of Bengal. They did not however, restrict their choice to members of any particular creed or community. Bengalore was their main source of supply. It seems that source has been cut off now, perhaps due to the restrictions imposed by the A. I. F. F. Several Andhra players have however been playing for them In fact their present Captain Somana, hails from the South.

THOROUGHLY INDIAN.

The reason why I have drawn pointed attention to the above facts is that the Club, though named East Bengal, does not make any distinction in the admission of its members, either from territorial or religious points of view. That must be expected from a club one of whose founders was the late J. M. Sen Gupta. Could not other clubs follow the same example and eradicate the evils of narrow communalism from the field of sport? The Champions played consistently well throughout and topped the table by a substantial margin. The Mohamedan Sporting Club, who have dominated Calcutta Football for the last few years, had to be content with the second place. Mohun Bagan was their strongest rivals for it. Had it not been for their bunglings, which have characterised the selection of their teams for many years past Mohun Bagan might have gained the laurels not only this year but on many other occasions.

TOUR OTHER PROVINCES.

The decline of the Mahomedan Sporting was in evidence last season when they succumbed to the Welch Regiment in the Rovers Cup. As the transfer of players from other provinces has become a difficult job, they will have to rely more or less on local talents hereafter. Owing to the dangerous situation in the East, military teams were not able to participate in the League this season. Although this fact robbed the competition some of its interest, there was sufficient enthusiasm among the public to make it a successful one. War conditions prevent civilian teams also from participating in tournaments outside their own provinces. Unless teams play at different centres, as the Mahomedan Sporting and Bangalore Muslims have been doing, they cannot rise beyond a certain height. But there is no help for it now. All the same, East Bengal would do well to get hold of every opportunity to play at other centres. I have no doubt Bombay will always accord them a hearty welcome.

Trade And Finance

MONEY MARKET RULES EASY

Gilt-Edged Securities Firm

INDUSTRIAL SHARES STEADY

(From Our Special Correspondent.)

Bombay, July 17.

MONEY.

The local short-term money market continued to be flushed with unusable funds. Interbank call money was quoted nominally at 1/4 per cent. and three to six months' money at around 1/2 per cent. per annum. There was keen competition for the Government of India Treasury Bills and the discount rate declined from Rs. 0-10-3 to Re. 0-10-0 per cent. per annum.

Yet another increase of Rs. 3.93 crores in the active note circulation is revealed by the weekly statement of the Reserve Bank of India, compiled upto 10th July 1942. The total note issue shows a contraction of Rs. 11.44 lacs which compensates for the fall of Rs. 11.46 lacs in the Bank's holding of Rupee Coin. In the Banking Department, Government Deposits have fallen by Rs. 4.15 crores, but Bankers' and other Deposits have gone up by 43.40 lacs and Rs. 21.20 lacs respectively. Balances held abroad register a fall of Rs. 59.32 lacs whilst the item of "Loans and Advances to Governments" shows an increase of Rs. 11 lacs.

GILT-EDGED.

The local gilt-edged market continued to rule firm with buyers in evidence for most of the scrips. There was in consequence, a further small rise in values, but the turnover was reported to be moderate as sellers were scarce. 3 1/2 per cent. Rupee Paper ruled easy at Rs. 92-6 early in the week, but gradually improved to Rs. 92-13. There was good investment demand in other dated bonds. 3 per cent. 1951-54 loan was reported to have changed hands at Rs. 99-15, whilst there were keen buyers in 4 per cent. 1960-70 loan around Rs. 108. 2 3/4 per cent. 1948/52 loan moved up from Rs. 98-4 to Rs. 98-10 3 per cent. 1946 bonds were marked up at Rs. 101-15 and 4 1/2 per cent. 1958-60 loan at Rs. 111-10. 3 per cent. 1963/65 loan ruled steady around Rs. 93. 4 per cent. 1943 bonds at Rs. 102 and 5 per cent. 1945-55 tax free loan at Rs. 108-8.

GOLD.

The gold market was characterised by a steady undertone throughout the week under review. Opening at Rs. 50-14-6, ready gold advanced by stages to Rs. 51-12 on Wednesday and closed at Rs. 51-10. Gold to be delivered in the August settlement was quoted at level rates with spot throughout. The price of sovereigns went up from Rs. 38-10 to Rs. 39 at the close in consonance with the rise in the price of gold. Floating stocks of the metal are estimated to be about 75,000 tolas, arrivals from upcountry are said to have averaged about 6,000 tolas a day, whilst the average daily offtake for trade purposes is put at 3,000 tolas. The highest and lowest rates recorded during the week were: Rs. 51-12 and 50-14-6 for spot and August settlement.

SILVER.

The silver section of the local bullion market displayed a steady tone in sympathy with the firmness of cotton and other commodities. Spot silver of .999 fineness, which was quoted at Rs. 83-11 at the opening went up to Rs. 84-11-6 on Wednesday and closed at Rs. 84-9. August settlement silver was quoted at a discount varying between 8 and 12 annas. Ready silver of 916 fineness was quoted at a discount of Rs. 1-8 under the settlement rate. In London, there was no change in the quotation for spot and forward delivery, which remained pegged at 23 1/2d. throughout. Floating stocks of the metal are estimated at around 6,500 bars. The highest & lowest rates touched during the week were: Rs. 84-11-6 and Rs. 83-11 for spot and Rs. 83-15-6 and Rs. 83-3 for August settlement.

SHARES.

There were only three working days on the stock market during the period under report and the market presented a steady undertone throughout. Cotton mill section was particularly strong on good investment inquiry in all popular scrips.

CALCUTTA

The jute shares in the Calcutta share market ruled steady to dull during the period under report with negligible price variations. The turnover during the week was modest.

Mahatma Replies To B. B. C.

Physical Illness Is No Bar To Conduct Of Non-Violent Struggle

AHMEDABAD, July19.

"Since one tells me that the B.B.C have been asking how I can hope to lead the impending non-violent movement if I am ill and bed-ridden", writes Manatma Gandhi in "Harijan."

He states:—

"Well, the doctors have not pronounced me such. I am fatigued and they advise rest and a change to a cooler place for a fortnight. I am struggling to give myself rest. But sometimes duty, may be passion or infatuation forbids it.

But the relevant fact is that so long as the reason is unimpaired, physical illness is no bar to the conduct of non-violent struggle.

The peremptory belief in non-violent conduct is that all urge comes from God—the unseen even unfelt save through unconquerable faith.

"Nevertheless as a seeker and experimenter I know that even physical illness, even fatigue is counted as a defect in a non-violent person. "Mensa sana in corpore sano" is literally accepted by votaries of truth and non-violence. But that is said of perfect men. Alas I am far from the perfection I am aiming at.

DO IT ONLY WHEN PEREMPTORY

"Numerous inquiries have been made as to what should be done by evacuees and others who find it difficult and even impossible to comply with orders", writes Mahatma Gandhi in "Harijan."

He states: "The comprehensive instructions of the Working Committee in the matter are quite timely. The persons affected should know that these instructions are no part of the impending movement. They are necessary in every case for the very existence of the persons affected. Therefore, as the Working Committee very properly say, every precaution should be taken for obtaining relief through negotiation.

Disregard of orders should be resorted to only when it becomes peremptory. Needless to say there is no room here for profiteering of exorbitant demands."

"Congressmen Can't Accept War Contracts"

"Is it proper for Congressmen, especially members of Congress Committee to accept war countracts?

Answering this question Mahatma Gandhi writes in 'Harijan': "This question should be properly addressed to the Working Committee. Personally however, I think that Congressmen cannot accept war contracts."

Br. Government Adamant

London Press Reaction To Congress Cabinet Decision

(From A Special Correspondent)

LONDON, July 19.

Political correspondents write that the British Government does not intend to change its policy towards India as a result of the latest Congress resolution.

Mr. Maurice Webb of the "Daily Herald" writes:—"But authoritative information in London supports the belief that the Government is not impressed by the new challenge."

The "Time and Tide" writes. "The effect of this long resolution, when it is read against the background of the world events, is indeed to make all proceedings of the Congress seem like acting sleep-walkers in some unreal dream."

The "Spectator" writes: "The resolution suggests that the Congress leaders are no longer apprehensive of Japanese invasion. This was not the case at the time of the Cripps Mission when many of them (and not in the least Mr. Gandhi himself) were influenced by the definite expectation that their country would be conquered by the Japanese."

PLAYING WITH POLITICS

The "New Statesman and Nation" thinks that India is playing with politics and frankly admits its inability to analyse the meaning of the resolution. The paper suggests: "It is so irresponsible that wise courses ignore it. We doubt if any Indian leaders intend to start any form of civil disobedience that would hamper resistance to the Japanese. What the leaders hope is probably that we will relieve them of their embarrassments by putting them in prison. That would be an unpardonable blunder. Mr. Jinnah meanwhile talks, with at least equal trivolity, incapable of seeing anything bigger on the world-wide horizon than his feud with the Congress."

SYDNEY:—The Chinese from the Pacific Island of Nauru, who were engaged in important mining work in Australia have shown their loyalty to Marshal Chiang-Kai-Shek by making a bonfire of all gambling paraphernalia following their Generalissimo's decree passed to them by the Chinese-Consul. They are contributing a sum of £400 monthly to Chinese war relief funds.—Reuter.

FURTHER HEAVY SELLING IN N. Y. COTTON

ANTI-INFLATION DRIVE

Bombay, July 18

On Friday, the New York cotton market again weakened on heavy selling pressure. Prices sagged on renewed liquidation and heavy New Orleans selling reflecting fears that the Administration's anti-inflation drive might eliminate the hundred per cent parity loan bill with support limited to scale down mill price-fixing and covering. At the opening October was unchanged at 19.06 and advanced to 19.10 which was the highest level. Later on there was increased selling and October declined to 18.80 which was the lowest. The market closed at a net decline of 23 to 26 points. Spot cotton prices declined 29 points at 20.14c. per lb.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET

The New Orleans cotton futures market was also easy on increased selling and closed at a decline of 29 to 28 points. Spot cotton prices were reduced 29 points at 19.16c per lb.

LOCAL SITUATION

Messrs. Anandilal Podar and Co. state:—

On Friday, Jarilla cotton opened steady and then further advanced but on general selling prices receded notwithstanding good resistance. Old contract Broach opened weak but tenders in Broach of 650 bales and Oomras 2,350 bales resulted in heavy short covering by the leading bull in a quick recovery. Thus, the parity between old Broach and new Jarilla narrowed by about Rs. 4 to 5 to around Rs. 144. Oomra contract was relatively firm. Spot Broach basis was Rs. 2 to 3 "on". According to preliminary official reports, the anticipated reduction in cotton acreage is said to be about 20 per cent as against earlier estimate of 30 per cent due to favourable start of monsoon and uptrend in cotton prices.

Linseed and groundnuts were very steady on scattered speculative support. Silver and gold met with some realising at higher level. Shares were quiet but steady on somewhat realising.

PRIVATE CABLES—

New York October highest (10 a.m.) ..... 19.10+04

New York October lowest (3 p.m.) ..... 18.80—26

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co. Ltd. have received to-day the following cable information from their foreign friends:—

New York: Market declined on favourable weather and liquidation.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, July 18.

July	—
October	18.78
December	18.90
Middling Spot	20.12

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.

New York, July 18.

July	—
October	18.99
December	19.11
Middling Spot	19.20

LONDON SILVER.

London, July 18.

Spot	Closed
Forward	
London Gold, fine per oz.	

LONDON EXCHANGES.

London, July 18.

T. T. London on:—	
New York sellers 4.02-1/2, buyers	4.03-1/2
Madrid Official 40.5, Voluntary rate	48.55
Montreal sellers 4.43, buyers 4.47	
Zurich sellers 17.3, buyers 17.4	
Stockholm sellers 16.85, buyers	16.95

LONDON WHEAT

Rozario Santa Fe	Closed
Barletta Russo	"
South Australian Wheat	"

Sambamurthi's Reply To Azad

Congress President Says Speakership Falls In Provincial Sphere

MADRAS, July 18.

Mr. Bulusu Sambamurthi has released through the "United Press" the following correspondence between himself and Maulana Abul Kalam Azad, Congress President, on the resignation of his Speakership and membership of the Madras Legislative Assembly:—

Maulana Azad's letter to Mr. Sambamurthi dated July 9 from Wardha:

"I am in receipt of your telegram which runs as follows: 'If the Working Committee have decided referring to the Speaker's case for the decision of the Provincial Congress Executive, please accept my resignation of the membership of the Congress. I am resigning the membership of the Assembly also.—SAMBAMURTHI.'

"The letter to which you refer in your telegram did not come up before the Congress Working Committee for decision because originally and primarily it falls within the jurisdiction of the Provincial Congress Committee.—AZAD."

SAMBAMURTHI'S REPLY

Mr. Sambamurthi's letter dated July 16 to the Congress President:—

"Referring to my letter to you dated June 15 and my telegram relating thereto dated July 18 and your letter dated July 9 in reply to me, I am sorry to state that I fell strongly that the position is most unsatisfactory. In a matter of such importance where dignity of office and position of the Speaker and his relation to the party organisation concerned, I am surprised that you did not deem it fit to take charge of the matter and left it to be disposed of by the Provincial Congress Committee Executive under disciplinary rules formed for ordinary cases. I, therefore, feel compelled in terms of my telegram to resign my membership of the Congress. I am sending a copy of this to the Andhra Provincial Congress Committee. I have also intimated to Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel my resignation of the Assembly membership and the Speakership.

"I am releasing this letter to the Press along with your letter to me dated July 9"—United Press.

ANKARA:—The Turkish Minister of Commerce has radioed an appeal to peasants urging them to sell wheat and not hoard it.

THE PICK OF INDIA'S YOUNG MEN

The Indian Air Force is an exclusive Service open only to the pick of India's young men.

This is a Pilot Officer of the Indian Air Force. He has won his "wings" and has already been in action against the Japs.

He has chosen this greatest of all modern careers, and has made the grade.

Don't you envy him?

To become a pilot or observer in this progressive service, a man must not only be well educated and physically fit, he must also be alert, reliable and possess all the qualities of leadership.

Pilots and observers in the I. A. F. are commissioned officers, and so vital is their task that only the pick of India's young men are suitable.

A CAREER FOR THE MAN WHO STANDS OUT FROM THE REST

you need be

Between 18 & 28 years old. Educated at least to Matriculation Standard (Certificate essential).

Able to pass a strict medical examination.

Adventurous and fond of an active life.

A leader, able to command respect.

A question often asked is "Will the training help me after the war, if I do not stay in the Air Force?"

To find the answer, ask yourself, your parents, your College Principal, two questions.

"Is India a suitable country for a great development of Civil Aviation?"

"Is India fast developing her light and heavy MODERN INDUSTRIES?"

The answer is YES, . . . the training should certainly help you to take part in India's future development.

For further particulars of I. A. F. service, application forms, rates of pay, etc., apply to your nearest Recruiting Officer, Commissioner of Police, or District Magistrate.

If you have any difficulty, post the attached coupon.

to fly with the IAF

To A. G. 2 (c).
Recruiting Directorate,
Adjutant-General's Branch,
G. H. Q., NEW DELHI.

Please send me application form and information regarding flying ranks in the Indian Air Force. I am . . . . years old.

NAME.....

ADDRESS.....

.....

GD—4

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 18 April, 2017

Monday, July 20, 1942

Regd. No. B 1065 Regd. No. B 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

India's Premier House for
MODERN FURNITURE
at MODERATE RATES
Attractive appealing beauty in plain or figured woods
JETHALAL JOSHI & CO.
Chowpatty Sea Face
Oppo Tilak Statue
Tele:—34710
FACTORY:—Tinwala Building, Tribhovan Road near Pathe Cinema

GOOD NEWS

FOR THOSE WHO ARE DISAPPOINTED.

It has been brought to our knowledge that certain persons not really qualified use foreign degrees or diplomas after their names, and that, they imitate our advertisements and re-word the same. Beware of such people.

PRIDE OF INDIA.

WORLD-FAMOUS DR. & HAKIM

If their treatment has wrecked your health, consult world-famous Dr. M. A. Bux (Gold Medalist) who has a hereditary profession and whose name is well-known not only in Asia but also abroad as a Specialist to cure even most Chronic diseases which others pronounce incurable. He has cured many Maharajas, Zamindars, Officers, etc., and holds many Gold Medals. He treats Nervous Debility, Functional Disorders, Lost Vitality, and Piles within a week, without operation, with guarantee. Treatment Confidential.

WORLD-FAMOUS SWADESHI DISPENSARY
Manu Mansion, Near Sandhurst Bridge Tram Terminus.
Time 8 to 12 and 4-30 to 8-30

Gripped by STOMACH PAINS?

YOU need not be!

If pain is Nature's Warning that there is an inflamed spot in your stomach . . . perhaps an ulcer where excess acid has bitten into your stomach lining. Take

MACLEAN BRAND STOMACH POWDER

This wonderful remedy—containing the four alkalies prescribed by noted British Hospitals, ends INDIGESTION, Neutralises the Acid, allays Pain, soothes Inflammation, allows ulcerated surfaces to heal! No more Flatulence, Heartburn, Sickness, or Palpitation.

Sold in bottles and also in cartons containing separately wrapped doses.

WARNING! MACLEAN BRAND STOMACH POWDER is only genuine if the signature "ALEX. C. MACLEAN" appears on the package.

AXIS PRISONERS ESCAPE

Several Camp Officers In Australia Suspended

BRISBANE, July 18.

Several officers have been suspended disciplinary action following the escape of three Germans and one Italian from the prisoners of war camp at Victoria, the Australian Army Minister, Forde, announced to-day Saturday.

Further overhaul of the system of guarding prisoners has been ordered, he added. Police searches found six tunnels leading from the Victoria camp, where the guards had already frustrated eight attempts of prisoners to escape.

Mr. Gaganvihari L. Mehta, President of the Federation of Indian Chambers of Commerce and Industry, who has been nominated by the Viceroy as member of the Central Advisory Board of Education in India.

DEMAND FOR BAN ON TEA AND SUGAR

PESHAWAR, July 18.

A request of an odd nature to the authorities comes from the Bahlolai section of the South Waziristan tribes who, it is stated, have petitioned to the Political Agent to prohibit the import of tea and sugar into their area. The headman of this tribe including the Mullahs hold the view that the tea habit is not only injurious but a costly burden on the poor tribesmen in the present situation.—A. P.

HIMMLER REPLACES GOERING?
Former Chief Of Luftwaffe In Russia

ZURICH, July 19.

Reports are at present, unconfirmed are reaching here declaring that Goering no longer has the supreme command of the Luftwaffe, but has been superseded by the Gestapo Chief Himmler.

These reports add that Goering has been sent to Russia, where he now commands a German air unit.—Reuter.

Gloucester At Cairo

CAIRO, July 18.

The Duke of Gloucester arrived in Cairo on Friday from India. He will be the guest of the British Ambassador and Lady Lampson at the British Embassy during his short stay here.—Reuter.

Duke Of Kent's Son Named Prince George

LONDON, July 18.

The Duke of Kent registered his fortnight old son to-day. The baby prince will be known as Prince George.—Reuter.

"Final Attempt For India's Freedom"

Jawahar Says Congress Cabinet Has Not Taken Decision In A Hurry

NEW DELHI, July 19.

"I can see a new country, a new atmosphere, a new life. Even if the Congress perishes, it would be a great day for the Congress since it would have done its duty to the Indian people with honour and dignity", said Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, addressing a public meeting on Gandhi Ground last night. Mr. Asaf Ali was in the chair. More than 20,000 people attended, despite inclement weather.

Pandit Nehru referred to the Working Committee resolution and said that it was the final decision and felt sure that the forthcoming A. I. C. C. would endorse it. The Congress had been endeavouring to free India from slavery for so many years. Now the final decision had been taken.

He hoped that when the call came the Indian people would rally round the Congress Flag.—United Press.

Jawarhar Says Congress Cabinet Has Not Decided In A Hurry

NEW DELHI, July 18.

"To-day the world has to face a heavy storm of bloodshed and the war is now knocking at our doors" declared Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru addressing a public meeting in Gandhi Grounds to-night under the presidency of Mr. Asaf Ali.

Despite rain the meeting was largely attended.

"The recent article of Mahatma Gandhi clearly indicates our intentions how to face this crisis" continued the Pandit. Though the recent resolution of the Congress Working Committee passed at Wardha is not yet final and it will be placed before the A. I. C. C., for final decision it is sufficient to show that we have decided to have a dive in this storm, though we do not know the results. But this, he asserted, will be the final attempt for our freedom. We have not decided anything in a hurry, but have considered it in all its aspects. To create a revolution against the slavery of our country is our profession and it should be the duty of everyone to raise his voice against slavery.

The Congress had its own principle regarding the background of this war and, therefore, we raised our voice, when Japan invaded China and Italy conquered Abyssinia and we condemned these and other attempts of Hitler and Mussolini.

The Working Committee, the Pandit said, has clearly explained that they do not want to make Japan stronger by starting Civil Resistance movement. The Pandit concluded that it is our duty now not to sit silent but to fight for the freedom of India.

Pandit Nehru left for Allahabad to-night.

JAWAHAR AT LUCKNOW.

LUCKNOW, July 18.

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru arrived here to-day in connection with the meeting of the Board of Directors of the "National Herald" to be held this afternoon.

Panditji will also attend the meeting of the Council of the U.P.P.C.C. which has been fixed for to-morrow, July 20.—A. P.

Mr. A. A. Jasdanvala, who has been elected President of the Islam Gymkhana.

AXIS CONVOY ATTACKED

Two Merchant-Ships And Two Flagships Damaged In Channel

LONDON, July 19.

Hurricane bombers and Spitfires, which attacked an enemy convoy off the Cherbourg peninsula yesterday, left an enemy merchantship and an escorting flagship seriously damaged and another merchantship and a second flagship damaged by cannon fire.

Bombers dived down almost to mast height scoring direct hits on one merchantman, which was soon in flames, listing badly. Spitfires swiftly followed with cannon attacks, scoring many hits on the other two vessels.—Reuter.

Azad For Karachi

NEW DELHI, July 19.

Maulana Abul Kalam Azad, Congress President, is leaving for Karachi to-morrow 'via' Lahore.

He will be reaching Karachi on the 22nd by the Karachi Mail.—A. P.

The Half-Column
By "Dim"

From "Social and Personal" I find that Executive Council Member Benthal has arrived in New Delhi. Welcome to Benthal! In case you've forgotten his name is associated with the famous circular issued by him at the time of one of the Round Table Conferences. Here are extracts from it:

"We went to London determined to achieve some settlement if we could, but our determination was tempered with an equal determination that there should be no giving way on any essential part of the policy agreed to by the European Associated Chambers of Commerce in regard to financial and commercial safeguards and by the European Association on general policy..... The Muslims were a solid and enthusiastic team: Ali Imam, the Nationalist Muslim, caused no division. They played their cards with great skill throughout; they promised us support and they gave it in full measure. .....We had made up our minds that the fight with the Congress was inevitable. WE FELT AND SAID THAT THE SOONER IT CAME THE BETTER, BUT WE MADE UP OUR MINDS THAT FOR A CRUSHING SUCCESS WE SHOULD HAVE ALL POSSIBLE FRIENDS ON OUR SIDE. The Muslims are alright... So were the Princes and Minorities.....The Muslims have become firm Allies of the Europeans..... IT MUST NOT BE SUPPOSED THAT WHEN WE AGREE THAT REFORMS ARE NECESSARY, WE ADVOCATE DEMOCRATIC REFORM IN EVERY PROVINCE. ALL THAT WE MEAN IS SUCH CHANGE IN THE SYSTEM OF GOVERNMENT AS WILL IMPROVE ITS EFFICIENCY.

* * *

That, my friends, is to be found in the Benthal Circular. Lest we forget it.

UNELECTED PARLIAMENT FOR SPAIN

MADRID, July 18.

A Bill "for the creation of Spanish Cortes", has been signed and approved by the National Council. Members will be known as "Procurados".

Apart from the fact that members are not to be elected, it would appear that they have been given much the same duties as regards law-making as in the ordinary Parliamentary system. It is not stated how often the Cortes will meet, nor whether the session will be public. The Cortes will function both as a full body and in committees.—Reuter.

'Bogey Of Nazis In Battle Of Egypt

LONDON: Britain's 3.7 anti-aircraft gun which can also be used as an anti-tank gun is better than the German mass-produced 88 millimetre weapon and may prove the "bogey" of the Nazis in the battle for Egypt.—Reuter.

NEW R.A.F. CHIEF IN MEDITERRANEAN.

LONDON:—Air Vice-Marshal Hugh Pughe Lloyd, who has been air officer in command of the Royal Air Force in the Mediterranean for the past year has been succeeded by Air Vice Marshal Keith Rodney Park.

SARDAR PATEL FOR AHMEDABAD.

AHMEDABAD, July 19.

Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel arrives in Ahmedabad on the morning of 21st instant and will stay till the end of the month.—A. P.

For SKIN or SCALP Disease You can Rely on ZAM-BUK

The Great Antiseptic, Healing Ointment

NOTHING soothes and heals rashes, pimples, itch, eczema, ulcers or abscesses like Zam-Buk ointment. Also in cases of itchy scalp, ringworm, dandruff and similar troubles you'll find Zam-Buk the one safe remedy that overcomes disease parasites and restores hair and scalp to health again. All you have to do is smear the diseased parts regularly with Zam-Buk and you'll soon notice an improvement. The refined herbal oils in Zam-Buk are easily absorbed into the skin. Thus pain is soothed, inflammation reduced and any unpleasant discharge dried up. Zam-Buk is highly praised and recommended by doctors and nurses everywhere.

★ ★ ★

Zam-Buk Ointment Rs. 1 or Rs. 2-4. Zam-Buk Soap in small or large tablets. Zam-Buk Powder in sprinkler tins.

Use ZAM-BUK HERBAL OINTMENT

For the Blood, Veins, Arteries and Heart

Elasto REGISTERED The Wonder Tablet

Take It — and Stop Limping!

LEG aches and pains soon vanish when 'Elasto' is taken. Bad blood and anaemic conditions are quickly overcome, skin troubles clear up, leg wounds become clean and healthy and quickly heal, inflammation and irritation are soothed, piles disappear, rheumatism simply fades away, and the whole system is braced and strengthened. This is not magic, *although the relief does seem magical*; it is the natural result of revitalised blood and improved circulation brought about by 'Elasto,' *the tiny tablet with wonderful healing powers.*

Write NOW for interesting Booklet explaining this new science of Natural Healing — *and make the discovery of a lifetime!* or we will send you V.P.P. a supply of 'Elasto,' with Booklet enclosed, Price Rs. 2.6 or Rs. 4.0 (double quantity), on request.

The Agent, 'Elasto' (Dept. 6K.), P.O. Box 258, Bombay. 11041

An English Remedy of Highest Repute

CHARLIE CHAN — DOWN—BUT POSSIBLY NOT OUT — By ALFRED ANDRIOLA

WE'LL TELL TH' COPS THAT IF THEY LET US GET AWAY WE WON'T HURT TH' KIDS!
OKAY, GIMME MY GUN AND LET'S SCRAM!
IT'S AN EASY GET AWAY - THESE ROOFS CONNECT— HEY! GRAB HIM!
NO YOU DON'T, YOU LITTLE BRAT!
TRYIN' TO WARN TH' COPS, HUH?
YOU HURT SHEILA AND I'LL TELL THEM EVERYTHING!
OH, YOU'VE HURT LADDIE!
LAY OFF TH' KID, SLICK! HE'S OUT COLD! SEE IF TH' COPS SAW HIM AT TH' WINDOW!
Alfred Andriola
McNaught Syndicate, Inc.

Printed and published for the Bombay Chronicle Co., Ltd., by KESARINATH RAMKRISHNA GANDRE, at the Bombay Chronicle Press, Red Building, Parsi Bazar Street, Fort, Bombay.